# **Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited**

# 29<sup>th</sup>Annua Report (2021-22)





Chairman Cum Managing Director

**Directors** 

Mr. Rakesh Jain

Mr. Rakesh Jain, Executive Director Mr. Saurabh Jain, Independent Director Mrs. Vandana Singh, Woman Director (Ceased on 12/08/2021) Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi, Independent Director (Ceased on 12/05/2022) Mrs. Rashi Varshney , Woman Independent Director (Joined on 07/12/2022)

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan (Ceased On 02/05/2022)

**Company Secretary** 

**Registered Office** 

**Statutory Auditor** 

Ms. Mahak (Upto 27/12/2021) Ms.Neha Sharma (From 07/12/2022)

No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan) M.M. Road, New Delhi – 110055

> M/s Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountant

> > 1



#### **Internal Auditor**

M/s ACG & Co. Chartered Accountant

Registrar & Share Transfer Agent

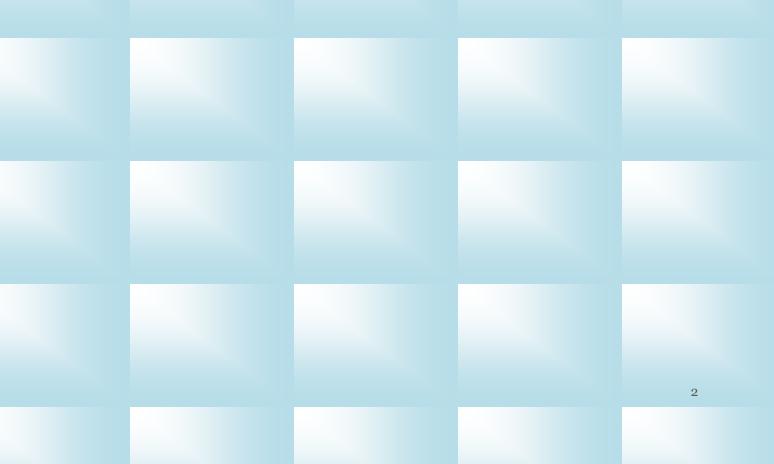
M/s.Alankit Assignments Limited 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi – 110 055

#### **Bankers**

State Bank of India, Faiz Road, New Delhi-110005

**NOTE**: In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and 02/2021 dated 13 January, 2021 read with SEBI Circular dated 12th May 2020 and 15 January, 2021, the Notice of AGM along with Annual Report for the financial year 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those whose email addresses are registered with the company/depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.ekamleasing.com. The Notice as well as the Annual Report 2021-22 can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com.

No gifts or coupons would be given to the shareholders for attending the Annual General Meeting



# EKAM LEASING

ANNUAL REPORT - 2021-22



# **EKAM LEASING**

#### ANNUAL REPORT - 2021-22

#### **Intigrity:**

At EKAM, We are honest with our clients, Business Parter and with each other..

At Ekam, our Team member use teamwork to bounce idea off of one another before deciding on the development path for a project.

# Our Core values

#### **Commitment:**

At EKAM, we Believe in Commitment-Trust theory. That desire causes the business to continually invest in developing and maintaining relationship with its customers

### Loyalty:

At EKAM, we strive to be a loyal ambassador for our clients and candidates, work in a collaborative and co-operative manner and treat others in a manner that you would wish to be

#### **Honesty:**

We Believe business relationship, openly disclosing important news , financial information other data useful to our stakeholder is important in long term success.



### COMPOSITION OF COMMITTEES OF THE COMPANY



#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Saurabh Jain – Chairman

Mrs. Rashi Varshney- Member

Mr. Rakesh Jain – Member

#### NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Saurabh Jain – Chairman

Mrs. Rashi Varshney- Member

Mr. Rakesh Jain – Member

#### STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Mr. Saurabh Jain – Chairman

Mrs. Rashi Varshney– Member

Mr. Rakesh Jain – Member



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### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED

REGD OFFICE: No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M M Road, New Delhi -110055 Tel No. : 011-23528015 Fax No. : 011-23528015 E-mail : ekam.leasing1@gmail.com, info@ekamleasing.com, Website : www.ekamleasing.com CIN No.: L74899DL1993PLC055697

#### <u>NOTICE</u>

Notice is hereby given that the **29th Annual General Meeting** of the members of **M/S EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED** will be held on **Saturday, 31st day of December, 2022** at **03.00 PM. (IST)** through Video Conferencing (VC) /Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) at the registered office of the Company situated at No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi 110055 to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Standalone & Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon and in this regard, pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** the Standalone & Consolidated audited financial statements including Balance Sheet of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on March 31, 2022 together with all the notes annexed and the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon, placed before the meeting, be and are hereby considered and adopted."

### 2. To re-appoint M/s. Dooger & Associates, Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors of the Company & to fix their remuneration

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:-

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions, if any, (including any statutory modification(s), clarifications, exemptions or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force) and pursuant to recommendation of the Audit Committee, M/s Dooger & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 000561N) be and are hereby re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for another term of 5 years for auditing the accounts of the Company from the FY 2022-23 to FY 2026-27 to hold office from the conclusion of this 29th Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 34th AGM at a fees as may be decided with mutual consent with board besides reimbursement of travelling and out of pocket expenses incurred.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to fix the fees payable to the Statutory Auditors, pursuant to the recommendation of the Audit Committee, from FY23 to FY27.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers to any officer(s)/ authorized representative(s) of the Company to do all acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

### 3. Appointment of Ms. Rashi Varshney (DIN : 09815471) as Non Executive independent Woman Director of the company

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification(S) the following resolution as **Special Resolution**:

**"RESOLVED THAT** Pursuant to section 149, 150, 152 (as amended or re-enacted from time to time) read with rule 3 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 and any other applicable provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 and as per the applicable regulation of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, Ms. Rashi Varshney (DIN: 09815471) who was appointed as an additional director on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, (in the category of Non-Executive Independent Director) who was appointed by the Board of Directors of the company, as an additional Woman Director (Non Executive Independent) for the period of 5 Years w.e.f 07.12.2022, pursuant to the provisions of section 149, 161(1) of the act, and who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting and has submitted a declaration that she meets the criteria for dependence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) and 17(1)(a) the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 be and is hereby appointed as an independent Non-Executive director of the company to hold office for 5 (five) consecutive years w.e.f. December 07, 2022 to December 06, 2027 and whose office shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** any of the director of the company be and is hereby authorized to file requisite e-forms with the appropriate authority within such time and period as may be prescribed and to do all other acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to the above-mentioned resolution."

By Order of the Board For Ekam leasing and finance Co. Limited

Place: New Delhi Date : 07/12/2022 Sd/-Rakesh Jain Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00061737

#### NOTES:

1. The relevant Explanatory Statement and reasons in respect of proposed Special Business(es) pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 are annexed hereto. The relevant details pursuant to Regulation 26(4) and 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulation 2015("SEBI Listing Regulation") and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of directors seeking appointment/reappointment at this Annual General Meeting are also annexed herewith.

2. Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") have permitted conducting the Annual General Meeting through video conferencing ("VC") or other audio-visual means ("OAVM") up to 31st December, 2022. In this regard, the regulatory authorities have issued various Circulars prescribing the procedure and manner of conducting the Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM vide Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 5, 2022 read with Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13<sup>th</sup> January, 2021, Circular No. 21/2021 dated December 14, 2021 and ("MCA Circulars") and Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Circular dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2020, Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 ("SEBI Circulars"). In Compliance with MCA and SEBI Circulars, the forthcoming 29<sup>th</sup> AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) from a common venue. Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM and also vote through VC/OAVM without physical presence of the Members at a common venue.

**3.** In compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the MCA Circulars and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), the 29th Annual General Meeting of the Company is being conducted through Video Conferencing ("VC") (hereinafter referred to as "AGM'). In accordance with the Secretarial Standard -2 on General Meeting issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) read with Guidance/Clarification dated April, 15, 2020 issued by ICSI, the proceedings of the AGM shall be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company which shall be the deemed Venue of the AGM.

**4.** Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, the Body Corporate are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.

#### 5. A member entitled to vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and proxy need not be a member. In terms of MCA circulars, since physical attendance of members has been dispensed with, there is no requirement of appointment of proxies. Accordingly, facility of appointment of proxies by members under section 105 of the act, will not be available for the AGM and hence the proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed to the notice.

**6.** The Members can join the AGM through VC mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC will be made available for 1,000 Members on first come first served basis. However, this number does not include the large Shareholders i.e. Shareholder holding 2% or more shareholding, Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination and

Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

**7.** The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**8.** In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 5, 2022 and SEBI Circular dated 12th May 2020, 15<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 & Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022, the Notice of 29<sup>th</sup> AGM along with Annual Report for the financial year 2021-22 is being sent only through electronic mode to those whose email addresses are registered with the company/depositories.

**9.** Further, those members who have not registered their email addresses and in consequence could not be served the Annual Report for F.Y. 2021-22 and Notice of 29<sup>th</sup> AGM may temporarily get themselves registered with Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, Alankit Assignment Ltd. 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi- 110055 for receiving the same.

**10.** Members desirous of obtaining any information on the Annual Report and operations of the Company are requested to write to the Company at least ten days before the Meeting, so that the information required will be made available at the Annual General Meeting.

**11.** All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice of AGM and the Explanatory Statement and the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM upon log-in to NSDL e-voting system at <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.

**12.** Pursuant to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act, the Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from **Saturday, December 24, 2022 to Friday, December 30, 2022** (both days inclusive) for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.

**13.** Members holding shares in physical form are requested to immediately notify change in their address, if any, to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company, i.e. Alankit Assignment Ltd. 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi- 110055, quoting their Folio Number(s).

**14.** Members may also note that the Notice of the 29<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for 2022 will also be available on the Company's website <u>www.ekamleasing.com</u>, website of Bombay Stock Exchange at <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e.www.evoting.nsdl.com for their download. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's designated email id: <u>ekam.leasing1@gmail.com</u>.

**15.** To support the 'Green Initiative', the Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses are requested to the register the same with their Depository Participant(s) (DP) in case the shares are held by them in electronic form with Alankit Assignment Ltd. and Registrar & Share Transfer Agent in case the shares are held by them in physical form for receiving all communication including Annual Report, Notices, Financial Results etc. from the Company electronically.

**16.** As per Regulation 40 of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from, April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. Further, SEBI vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/RTAMB/CIR/P/2020/236 dated December 2, 2020 had fixed March 31, 2021 as the cut-off date for re-lodgement of transfer deeds and the shares that are re-lodged for transfer shall be issued only in demat mode.

In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for case of portfolio management, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or company's Registrar & Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e. Alankit Assignment Ltd for assistance in this regard.

**17.** In case of loss/misplacement of share certificates, Members should immediately lodge a complaint/FIR with the police and inform the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, Integrated for the procedure of obtaining the duplicate share certificates.

**18.** As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act and Rule 19(1) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended, Members holding shares in physical form may file nomination in the prescribed Form SH-13 with Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent i.e. M/s Alankit Assignments Limited. In respect of shares held in dematerialized form, the nomination form may be filed with the respective Depository Participant.

**19.** Non-Resident shareholders: Non-Resident shareholders are requested to immediately notify the following to the Company in respect of shares held in Physical form and to their DPs in respect of shares held in Dematerialized form:

- Indian address for sending all communications, if not provided so far;
- Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement; and
- Particulars of the Bank Account maintained with a bank in India, if not furnished earlier.

**20.** Members holding shares in physical form are requested to convert their physical shareholding in to dematerialized shareholding. Please note that transfer of shares in physical form is not permissible as per SEBI guidelines. In this regard, the Members/legal heirs of deceased members are also requested to open demat account simultaneously for dematerializing the shares to their demat account(s) after transmission of shares in their name by the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company.

**21.** The Securities and Exchange Board of India has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form who have not done so are requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participant with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to Registrar and Transfer Agent.

**22.** In case of joint holders, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote at the 29<sup>th</sup> AGM.

**23.** All the documents referred to in the notice can be obtained for inspection through secured mode by writing to the Company at its email ID: <a href="mailto:ekam.leasing1@gmail.com">ekam.leasing1@gmail.com</a> till the date of the meeting.

**24.** As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has received declarations from all the Independent Directors stating that they meet with the criteria of Independence as prescribed under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi Independent Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to resignation dated May 12, 2022.

Furthermore, there is appointment of Ms. Rashi Varshney (DIN: 09815471) as additional Women Director (Non-Executive Independent w.e.f 07.12.2022 subject to regularization in forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

- 25. The Equity shares of the Company are mandated for trading in the compulsory demat mode. The ISIN No. allotted for the Company's shares is INE906L01025.
- 26. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the route map is not annexed with the notice.

27. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the MCA Circulars, the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as e-Voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL.

#### Voting through electronic means:

In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, and in terms of Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 issued by SEBI and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 5, 2022 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting system as well as electronic voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL. The details of the process and manner for remote e-voting for individuals, non- individuals and members holding in physical form are explained herein below:

The Notice of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company inter alia indicating the process and manner of e-Voting process. *The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below*:

### **1.** THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Wednesday, 28<sup>th</sup> December, 2022 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on Friday, 30<sup>th</sup> December, 2022 at 5:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e. 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2022 may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2022.

#### How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

#### <u>A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding</u> <u>securities in demat mode</u>

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility. Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

True o	Lowin Mothed	
Type of	Login Method	
shareholders		
T . J' 'J _1	1. E tattas ID-AC and and tattake a Cartana alasta a CNCDL V	7.
Individual	1. Existing <b>IDeAS</b> user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL V	'1Z.
Shareholders	https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobi	ile.
holding securities in	On	
demat mode with	the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon und	ler
NSDL.	"Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section , this will prompt you	to
	enter your existing User ID and Password. After success	ful
	authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Val	ue
	added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting service	ces
	and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or <b>e-</b>	
	Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-	
	Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voti	ng
	period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is	
	available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online	
	for IDeAS Portal" or click	at
	https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp	

	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or <b>e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL</b> and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	<ul> <li>4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</li> <li>NSDL Mobile App is available on</li> <li>App Store</li> <li>Google Play</li> </ul>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon &amp; New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username &amp; password.</li> <li>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e- Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e- Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting</li> </ol>

	<ul> <li>service providers' website directly.</li> <li>3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website <u>www.cdslindia.com</u>and click on login &amp; New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.</li> <li>4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on <u>www.cdslindia.com</u>home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to dimethe again the proteine of all a Vating Corporation.</li> </ul>
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers. You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e- Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e- Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

## Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30.
Individual Shareholders	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL
holding securities in	helpdesk by sending a request at
demat mode with CDSL	helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no.

1800 22 55 33.
1000 22 55 55.

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.

2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.

3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/</u> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12************* then your user ID is 12***********
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then

user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:

a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.

b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.

c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?

(i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.

(ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process** for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:

a) Click on "**Forgot User Details/Password**?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.

b) **<u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>**" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.

c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.

d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.

7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.

8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.

9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

#### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

#### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.

2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".

3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.

4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.

5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.

6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.

7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### **General Guidelines for shareholders**

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to kksandassociates@gmail.com with a copy marked to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>.> with a copy marked to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>.Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.

2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User <u>Details/Password?</u>" or "<u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.

3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Sarita Mote, Assistant Manager. at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>

# Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

#### 1. In case shares are held in physical mode:-

Please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to (ekam.leasing1@gmail.com).

#### 2. In case shares are held in demat mode:-

Please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to (ekam.leasing1@gmail.com). If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A)** i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

5. The company/RTA shall co-ordinate with NSDL and provide the login credentials to the above mentioned shareholders.

6. For Permanent registration of their e-mail address, Members holding shares in demat form are requested to update the same with their Depository Participant ("DPs") and to Registrar in case the Members are holding shares in physical Form.

#### THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THEEGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.

2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.

3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After

successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.

2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.

3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.

4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at (ekam.leasing1@gmail.com). The same will be replied by the company suitably.

#### **Other Instructions:**

- 1. The remote e-voting period commences on Wednesday December 28, 2022 (9:00 am) IST and ends on Friday December 30, 2022 (5:00 pm) IST. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of Friday, December 23, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall also be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the shareholder, the shareholder shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- 2. The voting rights of Shareholders shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on Friday, December 23, 2022, Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Friday, December 23, 2022 may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- 3.Since the Company is required to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote by electronic means, shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the **cut-off date (record date) of Friday, December 23, 2022,** and not casting their vote electronically, may only cast their vote through e-voting system during the AGM i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- 4. Investors who become members of the Company subsequent to the dispatch of the Notice / Email and holds the shares as on the voting eligibility **cut-off date i.e. Friday, December 23, 2022** are requested to send the written / email communication to the Company's RTA at rta@alankit.com or NSDL at e-voting@nsdl.co.in by mentioning their Folio No. / DPID and Client ID to obtain the Login-ID and Password for e-voting. The Management/RTA will do their best to accommodate and execute such requests so that the Shareholder can participate in the **e-voting which commences on Wednesday December 28, 2022 (9:00 am) IST and ends on Friday December 30, 2022 (5:00 pm) IST.**

- 5. The remote e-voting module on the day of the AGM shall be disabled by the NSDL for voting 15 minutes after the conclusion of the Meeting.
- 6. The Scrutinizer shall, after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, first count the votes cast during the Meeting and, thereafter, unblock the votes cast through remote e-Voting, in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than two working days from the conclusion of the AGM, a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- 7.The Results declared, alongwith the Scrutinizer's Report, shall be placed on the Company's website <u>www.ekamleasing.com</u> and on the website of NSDL www.evoting.nsdl.com, immediately after the declaration of the result by the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the Stock Exchanges where the Company's Equity Shares are listed viz. BSE and be made available on their respective websites viz. www.bseindia.com.

By Order of the Board For Ekam leasing and finance Co. Limited

Place: New Delhi Date : 07.12.2022 Sd/-Rakesh Jain Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00061737

#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT (Pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013)

As required by section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act), the following explanatory statement sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned under Item Nos. 3 of the accompanying Notice:

#### Item No 3

Pursuant to the provisions of 149,152 & 161 of the Companies Act 2013 and in due Compliance with regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the composition of the Board of the Directors of the company should have at least one Woman Director and two Directors (Non Executive) and the Company needs to appoint one more Independent Director on the Board. Therefore on the report of performance evaluation, the external business environment, business knowledge, skills, experience considered that the association of Ms. Rashi Varshney (DIN: 09815471) as an Independent Woman Director of the Company would be beneficial to the Company.

Rashi Varshney is a Company Secretary having vast experience of more than 20 years in the Corporate world and international organization, Apart from being member of ICSI, She is also a qualified Cost and Management Accountant, holding a degree from The institute of Cost Accountants of India. She is registered in the databank of independent directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. Further She is holds a Certified as CSR Professionals (course conducted by Institute of Company Secretaries of India)

In the opinion of the Board, Ms. Rashi Varshney fulfills the conditions specified in Sections 149, 152 and Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, Rules made thereunder and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and is independent of the management of the Company.

On the recommendations of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 07.12.2022 appointed Ms. Rashi Varshney (DIN: 09815471) as an Additional Woman Director (Non-Executive Independent) for the period of 5 years w.e.f 07.12.2022 subject to approval of members, in terms of provisions of Section 149, 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Articles of Association (AOA) of the Company. However, according to Section 161(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 Ms. Rashi Varshney holds office only upto the date of forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company but is eligible for appointment as a Director of the Company.

The Company has received from Ms. Rashi Varshney (i) Consent in writing to act as Independent Woman Director in Form DIR-2 pursuant to Rule 8 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014 (ii) Intimation in Form DIR-8 in terms of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, to the effect that she is not disqualified under Section 164(2) of the Act (iii) Declaration to the effect that she meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act read with Regulation 16 and Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended ('Listing Regulations') and (iv) Declaration that she has not been debarred from holding office of a Director by virtue of any Order passed by Securities and Exchange Board of India or any other such authority. The Board of Directors state that the appointment of Ms. Rashi Varshney would be in the interest of the Company and its Shareholders.

The board recommended for the approval of the Members by way of Special Resolution, the appointment of Ms. Rashi Varshney as an Independent Woman Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation; in terms of

Sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 read with Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactments(s) thereof for the time being in force).

Copy of draft letter of appointment of Independent Director setting out the terms and conditions of appointment will be available for inspection by the members during the AGM upon log-in to NSDL e- voting system a <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.

The board recommends the resolution at item no.3 for approval by members as a Special resolution.

None of the Directors, key managerial personnel and/or their relative is concerned or interested in the Resolution at the item no. 3 of accompanying notice

Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, the brief profile of Directors eligible for appointment/re-appointment vides item no. 03 is as follows:

#### Detail of Directors seeking Appointment/re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting

Particulars	Woman Director details			
Brief Resume	Rashi Varshney is a Company Secretary having vast experience of more than 20 years in the Corporate world and international organization, Apart from being member of ICSI, She is also a qualified Cost and Management Accountant, holding a degree from The institute of Cost Accountants of India, She is also a Head of Financial Services department at Rotary International South Asia Office & Rotary Foundation (India), New Delhi. She is registered in the databank of independent directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. Further She is holds a Certified as CSR Professionals (course conducted by Institute of Company Secretaries of India)			
Date of Birth	03.05.1972			
DIN	09815471			
Date of Appointment/re-appointment	07.12.2022			
Nationality	Indian			

Qualifications Skill & Expertise in specific functional areas	Rashi Varshney is a Company Secretary having vast experience of more than 20 years in the Corporate world and international organization, Apart from being member of ICSI, She is also a qualified Cost and Management Accountant, holding a degree from The institute of Cost Accountants of India. She is registered in the databank of independent directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. Further She is holds a Certified as CSR Professionals (course conducted by Institute of Company Secretaries of India) Finance, Accounts and Law.
Directorship held in other Companies (excluding Foreign Company)	NIL
Membership/Chairmanships of committees of other companies (includes only Audit Committee and Shareholders/ Investor Grievance Committee)	NIL
Number of shares held in the Company	NIL
Inter-se Relationship between Directors	Ms. Rashi Varshney is not related to any of the Promoters, Members of the Promoter Group and Directors of the Company and is not debarred from holding the office of Director by virtue of any order of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or any other such authority.

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### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED

REGD OFFICE: No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M M Road, New Delhi -110055 Tel No. : 011-23528015 Fax No. : 011-23528015 E-mail : ekam.leasing1@gmail.com, info@ekamleasing.com, Website : www.ekamleasing.com CIN No.: L74899DL1993PLC055697

#### **Board's Report**

#### To The Members Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Your Directors are pleased to have this opportunity to present the 29<sup>th</sup> Annual Report of the Company together with the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Amount in Lacs					
	<u>Standalone</u>		<b>Consolidated</b>		
Particular	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>	
Revenue from operations	57.31	48.67	57.31	48.67	
Other Income	-	0.23	5.72	3.54	
Total Expenditure	43.97	42.03	28.38	27.72	
Profit / (Loss) before Tax & Provision for NPA	13.34	6.87	34.65	24.49	
Provision for Tax	3.65	(11.69)	9.23	(6.44)	
Net Profit / (Loss)	9.69	18.56	25.42	30.93	
Surplus/Deficit brought forward from previous year	2.62	(12.23)	174.22	147.01	
Surplus/Deficit carried over to Balance Sheet	10.37	2.62	195.23	174.22	

#### **DIVIDEND**

Keeping in view the requirement of funds for future business operations, the board has not recommended any dividend for the financial year ended 31st march 2022.

#### **IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON OPERATIONS OF COMPANY**

- a) Company's operations were limping back to the normal in the beginning of the current financial year 2021-22 but the sudden shut in COVID cases in the second wave had effected our operations for few days at some places. The immediate remedial measures taken by the company management had brought back the situation to the normal very soon.
- b) Although, the intensity of COVID reduced during the financial year 2021-22 yet we remain vigilant and conscious throughout the year to guard us against any sudden let up in COVID. The employees of the company were instructed to strictly adhere to the COVID protocol while attending the job.

c) Our conscious and pro active approach has allowed us to run all over operations smoothly with almost negligible impact of COVID during the year in question.

#### **COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE**

During the year under review, the Company has earned total revenue of Rs. 57.31 Lacs as against 48.67Lacs during the previous year with an increase of 8.64 lacs. The year under review resulted in Net Profit after Tax of Rs. 9.69 Lacs as compared to Net Profit after Tax of Rs. 18.56 Lacs during the previous year which is decreased by 8.98 lacs.

On consolidated basis, revenue for FY 2021-22 stood at is Rs. 57.31 Lacs as against Rs. 48.67 Lacs during previous year with an increase of 8.64 Lacs and Net Profit after Tax of Rs. 25.42 Lacs as compared to Net Profit after Tax of Rs. 30.93 Lacs during the previous year which is decreased by 5.51 Lacs.

#### HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT



Human Resource Development is the framework for helping emplovees develop their personal and organizational skills, knowledge, and abilities. Human Resource is not only an integral part of any organization but also strive its success and growth. The Company believes that human

resources are the key resources and integral part of the organization and endeavors to create a culture of openness and empowerment amongst its employees and provide good carrier development.

Your Company believes in trust transparency & teamwork to improve employees productivity at all levels and is committed to the welfare of the employees and their families by putting review and reward system in place.

#### TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the Year under Review, the Company transferred Rs. 1.94 Lacs to Statutory Reserve under section 45 –IC and standalone reserve made up of Statutory Reserve/ Retained earning and other comprehensive Income as on 31 March, 2022 stood at 12.35 Lacs and Consolidated reserve stood at 544.31 lacs.

#### MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN MARCH 31, 2022 AND THE DATE OF REPORT

As required under Section 134(3) of the Act, the Board of Directors informs the members that during the financial year i.e. 31 March, 2022, there have been no material changes between the closing of the financial year of the Company till the date of this report, except as disclosed elsewhere in the Annual Report.

#### PERFOPRMANCE HIGHLIGHTS OF SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATES COMPANIES

#### SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES:-

- M/s S &S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited having CIN: U51109DL1993PTC052329 incorporated to carry on the business of dealing and trading in all kinds of essential commodities/Machinery, etc.
- M/s Jet Air Securities Private Limited having CIN: U74899DL1995PTC069004 which is mainly engaged in business of dealing im securities.
- M/s Rex Overseas Private Limited having CIN: U74899DL1988PTC032551 is engage into the business of import export and all deal in all kind of securities.

#### **JOINT VENTURE COMPANY**

There are no joint venture company at any time during the financial year 2021-2022.

#### ASSOCIATE COMPANY

There are no associate companies at any time during the financial year 2021-2022.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), a statement containing brief financial details of the Company's subsidiaries, associate companies and joint ventures for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 in Form AOC-1 is annexed to the Board Report of the Company as Annexure-I and also available on company's website at www.ekamleasing.com.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT



As required by Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, Directors state that:

a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;

b) The directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;

c) The directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;

d) The directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;

e) The directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and

f) The directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### **DECLARATION FROM INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR**

Pursuant to the provision of Section 149(7) of the Act read with Regulation 25(8) of the Listing Regulation, the Company has received a declaration from each of the Independent Director that they meets the criteria of independence as provided under section 149(6) of the

Act & SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as independent director during the year.

All the Independent Directors of the Company have complied with the requirement pertaining to the inclusion of their names in the data bank of independent directors maintained by Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs and they meet the requirements of proficiency self-assessment test.

In the opinion of Board of Directors of the Company, Independent Directors on the Board of Company hold highest standards of integrity and are highly qualified, recognised and is doyen of the industry. There is an optimum mix of expertise (including financial expertise), leadership and professionalism.

#### **REGISTRATION WITH RBI**



The Company being a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) and is registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), with RBI Registration No, 14-00332.

#### **RBI GUIDELINES**



The Company is complying with all the applicable guidelines/directions of the Reserve Bank of India for Non Banking Finance Company pursuant to **Non-Banking Financial (Non -Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 and Master direction Non Banking Finacial Company-Non Systematically Important Non Deposit taking company (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016, Master Direction- Non-Banking Financial Company Returns (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016** the particulars as applicable to the Company are appended to the Balance Sheet.

#### THE RBI NORMS AND ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The company continues to comply with the directives and accounting standard as well as the norms prescribed by Reserve Bank of India for NBFCs for the financial year 2021-22.

#### **CHANGE IN BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 149 and 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under as amended from time to time and Regulation 17 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015. During the Year under review, there was no change in board composition of the company except the following: -

- In accordance with the provision of Section 203 of the Companies Act 2013 read with rule 9 of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rule, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Ms. Mahak resigned from the post of Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company dated 27<sup>th</sup> December, 2021.
- Mr. Amit kumar Khaitan resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer dated 02<sup>nd</sup> May, 2022.
- Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi resigned from the post of Non Executive Independent director of the Company dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2022.
- on the report of performance evaluation, the external business environment, business knowledge, skills, experience considered that the association of Mr. Saurabh Jain as an Independent Director of the Company & Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi as Non Executive Independent Director would be beneficial to the Company
- During the year under review, the Non-Executive Directors (NEDs) of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees and commission, as applicable, received by them.

- In the opinion of the Board, there has been no change in the circumstances which may affect their status as Independent Directors of the Company and the Board is satisfied of the integrity, expertise, and experience (including proficiency in terms of Section 150(1) of the Act and applicable rules thereunder) of all Independent Directors on the Board. Further, in terms of Section 150 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, as amended, Independent Directors of the Company have included their names in the data bank of Independent Directors maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.
- Mrs. Rashi Varshney was appointed as additional women director Non Executive Independent of the Company w.e.f. 07.12.2022 subject to regularization in forthcoming Annual General Meeting.
- Ms. Neha Sharma was appointed as a Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 07.12.2022 with the approval of Board of Directors.



#### **MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors of your Company met **7 (seven)** times during the Financial year 2021-22.The dates of the board meetings are 20<sup>th</sup> April 2021, 01<sup>st</sup> June 2021, 28<sup>th</sup> June 2021, 12<sup>th</sup> August 2021, 14<sup>th</sup> November 2021, 27<sup>th</sup> December 2021 and 12<sup>th</sup> February 2022. The necessary quorum was present for all the meetings.

The company holds the board meeting in compliance with law and the gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days during the FY 2021-22. The detailed agenda and notes thereon are sent to all the directors seven days in advance from the date of Board Meeting. The Managing Director appraised the Board on the overall performance of the Company at every Board Meeting. The Board reviews the performance of the Company and sets the strategy for future. The Board takes on record the actions taken by the company on all its decisions periodically.

## **MEETING OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

During the financial year 2021-22, the meeting of Independent Director was held on 12<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 to review the performance of Non Independent Directors of the company.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, performance of the board as a whole and performance of the chairman was evaluated, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors. The same was discussed in the board meeting that followed the meeting of the independent directors, at which the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors was also discussed.

### POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS

The Company's policy on directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act has been disclosed in the corporate governance report, which forms part of the Annual Report.

The Remuneration Policy of the company for Directors, KMP and Senior Management Employees are also available at the website of the company i.e. www.ekamleasing.com.

### PECUNIARY RELATIONSHIP OR TRANSACTIONS OF THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (NED) AND DISCLOSURES ON THE REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS

The NEDs have no pecuniary relationship except the sitting fees paid for the meeting of board of Directors/Committee.

The details regarding the remuneration of directors along with their shareholding are disclosed in Corporate Governance Report which forming part of this Annual Report.

## FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SUB-SECTION (12) OF SECTION 143 OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH ARE REPORTABLE TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

During the year under review, there was no frauds reported by statutory auditors to Audit Committee and/or board under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### **BOARD EVALUATION**

The board of directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance and board committees. The performance was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of the criteria such as the Board composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated after seeking the inputs of committee members on the criteria such as understanding the terms of reference, Committee Composition, Independence, updating the Board on the committee decisions, comprehensiveness in the discussion of issues and contributions to Board decisions, etc.

The Board and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") reviewed the performance of the individual directors on the basis of the criteria such as the contribution of the individual directors to the Board and committee meetings like preparing on the issues to be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings, etc. In addition, the Chairman was also evaluated on the key aspects of his role.

Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire board, excluding the independent director being evaluated

The evaluation report contains an executive summary of findings and several key recommendations from the evaluation process.

# DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE 2016

During the year under review, there were no application made or proceeding pending in the name of Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

## DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VALUATION AMOUNT ON ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND VALUATION WHILE AVAILING LOAN FROM BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

During the year under review, there has been no one time settlement of loans taken from banks and financial institutions.

# **COMMITTEES OF BOARD**



BOARD COMMITTEES

Pursuant to requirement under Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors has constituted various Committees of Board such as Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee. The details of composition and terms of reference of these Committees are mentioned in the Corporate Governance Report.

# • AUDIT COMMITTEE

The composition, role, terms of reference, authority and powers of the Audit Committee are in conformity with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Committee met periodically during the year and had discussions with the auditors on internal control systems and internal audit report.

### • NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (NRC)

The composition, role, terms of reference, authority and powers of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee are in conformity with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

• STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE (SRC)

The composition, role, terms of reference, authority and powers of the Stakeholder Relationship Committeeare in conformity with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 20 of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The details regarding all the above said committees are given in the Corporate Governance Report which forms a part of this Report.

**RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** 



In line with the requirements of the Act and the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated a Policy on Related Party Transactions and the same is available on the website of the company at www.ekamleasing.com. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and also the Board/Members for their approval, wherever necessary. An omnibus approval from the Audit Committee is obtained for the related party transactions. The details of the same are given in Note 28 to the Standalone & Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company.

Further, there were no related party transactions which were material or not at arm's lengh basis as required under section 188(1) of the Companies Act and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. There were no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Therefore , the requirement of *Form AOC-2 is not applicable* to the Company.

The Company in terms of regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations submitted disclosures of related party transactions on a consolidated basis, in the format specified in the relevant accounting standards to the stock exchanges. The said disclosures can be accessed on the website of the Company at www.ekamleasing.com.

### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

Effective risk management is essential to success and is an integral part of our culture. While we need to accept a level of risk in achieving our goals, sound risk management helps us to make the most of each business opportunity, and enables us to be resilient and respond decisively to the changing environment.

Our approach to risk management assists us in identifying risks early and addressing them in ways that manage uncertainties, minimize potential hazards, and maximize opportunities for

the good of all our stakeholders including shareholders, customers, suppliers, regulators and employees. Risks can be broadly classified as Strategic, Operational, Financial, and Legal/Regulatory.

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 Company has adopted risk management policy, approved by Board of Directors and established a risk management framework to identify, mitigate and control the risk and threatens of risk.

## **AUDITORS**

### **Statutory Auditor**

Since the terms of M/s Doogar & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm registration No. 000561N) will expire in the coming 29<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company. M/s Doogar & Associates was appointed as the Statutory Auditor of the Company for the period of 5 years from 29<sup>th</sup> AGM to 34<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company to be held in the Year 2022 on 30<sup>th</sup> Sept 2022. Further, **M/s Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants** is eligible for re-appointment and offer himself for re-appointment.

Therefore, Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and on the recommendation of Audit Committee, the board of directors at their meeting held on August 14, 2022 and subject to approval of the shareholder in the ensuing AGM have approved the re-appointment of M/s Doogar & Associates **Chartered Accountants (FRN: 000561N) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the further period of five years to hold office from the conclusion of the 29<sup>th</sup> AGM till the conclusion of the 34<sup>th</sup> AGM in 2027, subject to approval of Members in the ensuing AGM.** 

The necessary resolutions for appointment of M/s Doogar & Associates form part of the Notice convening the ensuing AGM scheduled to be held on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2022.

The Company has in its Notice convening AGM sought approval from the Members for passing a resolution regarding authorizing the Board to appoint Statutory Auditor.

### Secretarial Auditor

In terms of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed there under and on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company have reappointed **M/s. KKS & Associates, Company Secretaries** as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company for the financial year 2022-2023. The Company has received consent from M/s. KKS & Associates, Company Secretaries, for their appointment. The Secretarial Audit Report confirms that the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations

and Guidelines and that there were no deviations or non-compliances except the non compliances mentioned in the **Form MR-3 as attached herewith in Annexure-V** 

Further, the Board of Directors in their meeting held on Sunday, 14th August, 2022 reappointed M/s. **KKS & Associates, Company Secretaries**, as Secretarial Auditors, to undertake the audit of the secretarial records for the Financial Year 2022-23.

Further, in pursuant to Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended vide SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 08, 2019, the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2022 as issued by M/s. KKS & Associates, Company Secretaries is also available at BSE India.com and on the website of the Company i.e www.ekamleasing.com.

### EXPLANATION OR COMMENTS ON QUALIFICATIONS OR RESERVATIONS OR ADVERSE REMARKS OR DISCLAIMERS MADE BY THE AUDITORS OR PRACTICISING COMPANY SECREATARY IN THEIR REPORT

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under Section 133 of the Act. The Notes to the financial statements referred in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory.

# The statutory auditors of the Company mentioned the following qualifications in the Auditors Report of the Company for the financial year 2021-22:-

### <u>Qualified opinion given by auditor in Standalone Audit report:</u>

a) Note No. 41 of the standalone financial statements, the company has outstanding loans receivable amounting INR 526.79 lakhs, which in our opinion has become Non-Performing Assets as the company is not able to recover the principal and its interest. The company has made the provision on the same considering the same as "Standards Asset" instead of substandard assets. As per prudential norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the Company has not made the adequate provision considering the correct classifications of Non-performing assets amounting INR 52.68 lakhs. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 52.68 lakhs and simultaneously provisions are understated by INR 52.68 lakhs.

b) Note No. 42 of the standalone financial statements, the company has recognized the total interest income amounting INR 57.31 Lakhs, out of which interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs are related to accounts which are Non-performing Assets (as describe in Note (a) of Basis of Qualified Opinion above). As per Income recognition norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the interest income is not allowed to recognize from Non-performing assets. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs and simultaneously loans are overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs.

### <u>Management response:</u>

a) These loans are pending from long time. Management is in discussion with the borrower to restructure the loans and principal so that they can pay the interest with principal in normal course of business. Hence, on the basis of progress of discussion going on, management is of the view that all these loans are fully recoverable and there is no requirement to provide the provisions on the same.

b) As stated in the response to first qualification, management is in discussion with the borrower to restructure the loan so that they can pay the interest and principal in normal course of business. Hence this interest is fully recoverable in nature and not required to derecognize it.

## Qualified opinion given by auditor in Consolidated Audit report:

a) Note No. 40 of the consolidated financial statements, the group has outstanding loans receivable amounting INR 526.79 lakhs, which in our opinion has become Non-Performing Assets as the group is not able to recover the principal and its interest. The group has made the provision on the same considering the same as "Standards Asset" instead of substandard assets. As per prudential norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the group has not made the adequate provision considering the correct classifications of Non-performing assets amounting INR 52.68 lakhs. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 52.68 lakhs and simultaneously provisions are understated by INR 52.68 lakhs.

b) Note No. 41 of the consolidated financial statements, the group has recognized the total interest income amounting INR 57.31 Lakhs, out of which interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs are related to accounts which are Non-performing Assets (as describe in Note (a) of Basis of Qualified Opinion above). As per Income recognition norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the interest income is not allowed to recognize from Non-performing assets. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs and simultaneously loans are overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs.

### <u>Management response:</u>

a) These loans are pending from long time. Management is in discussion with the borrower to restructure the loans and principal so that they can pay the interest with principal in normal course of business. Hence, on the basis of progress of discussion going on, management is of the view that all these loans are fully recoverable and there is no requirement to provide the provisions on the same.

b) As stated in the response to first qualification, management is in discussion with the borrower to restructure the loan so that they can pay the interest and principal in normal course of business. Hence this interest is fully recoverable in nature and not required to derecognize it.

The secretarial auditors of the Company mentioned the following qualifications in the Auditors Report of the Company for the financial year 2021-22:-

a) There were some fines had been levied against the listed entity/its promoters/directors/material subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedure issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts/Regulations and circulars/guidelines.

b) The Composition of Nomination Remuneration Committee is not as per requirement of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) and Companies Act, 2013.

c) Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan has resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer w.e.f May 02, 2022 and the vacancy has not been filed till the date.

### <u> Management Reply:</u>

a) The Board is in process to make the compliance good and pay the fines levied by SEBI

b) The Board is in process to ensure the composition of Nomination Remuneration Committee as per requirement of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) and Companies Act, 2013.

c) The Board is in process to fill the vacancy of Chief Financial officer.

### Internal Auditor



In compliance with section 138 of the Companies Act 2013, the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has re-appointed M/s ACG & Co. (Prop. Mr. Gulshan Bharadwaj), Practicing Chatered Accountants as the Internal Auditor to conduct Internal Audit of the Company for Financial Year 2022-23. The internal auditor performs an independent check of effectiveness of key controls in identified areas of internal financial control reporting. The Internal Audit report for Financial Year 2021-22 was reviewed by the audit committee and taken note by the board of Directors of the company.

# **INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY**



Internal Financial Control (IFC) means the policies and procedures adopted by the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, timely prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

The Internal auditor monitors and evaluates the efficancy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Based on the report of Internal Auditor, process owners undertake corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the controls. Significant audit observations and the necessary corrective actions are presented to the Audit Committee. In addition, the company has identified and documented the key risks and controls for each process that has a relationship to the financial operations and reporting. at regular intervals, internal teams test identified key controls.

### **CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS**

There is no change in the nature of business of the company during FY 2021-22.

# SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as on March 31, 2021 was Rs. 3,00,00,000/-.Divided in to shares 60,00000 lakh equity share of Rs 5/- each. During the year under review, there is no change and Company has not issued any shares with differential voting rights nor granted stock options nor sweat equity.

# **PUBLIC DEPOSITS**



In pursuance of the Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 the company has not accepted any public deposit during the year under review.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

As the Compny is NBFC then the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Particulars required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo.

Since the company is not engaged in manufacturing, the particulars in respect of conservation of energy, Research and development, Technology Absorption are not required to be given.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT AND CERTIFICATE**

The Company understands and respects its fiduciary role and responsibility towards its stakeholders and society at large, and strives to serve their interests, resulting in creation of value and wealth for all stakeholders.

The compliance report on corporate governance and a certificate from M/s. KKS & Associates, Company Secretaries (Prop. Mr. Krishna Kumar Singh, FCS No. 8493), Practicing Company Secretary of the Company, regarding compliance of the conditions of corporate governance, as stipulated under Chapter IV of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is attached herewith as integral part to this report.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT



As required by Regulation 34 (2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a detailed Management Discussion and Analysis Report is presented in a separate section forming part of the Annual Report.

**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

As stipulated by Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards. The audited Consolidated Financial Statements, together with Auditors' Report, form part of the Annual Report.

As per the provisions of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, the consolidated financial statements of the Company, its Subsidiaries and Associates are attached in the Annual Report. The annual accounts of Subsidiaries and Associates will be made available to shareholders on request and will also be kept for inspection by any shareholder at the Registered Office and Corporate Office of your Company. A statement in *Form AOC-1* containing the salient features of the financial statements of the Company's Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Venture for the year ended March 31, 2022 is also attached with financial statements.

### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



The Company is not required to formulate Corporate Social Responsibility(CSR) Policy and Committee as it does not fulfill the criteria specified under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92 and 134 of the Act read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return will be available on the website of the Company which can be accessed through www.ekamleasing.com.

### <u>COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL</u> <u>MEETINGS</u>

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India ('ICSI') has currently mandated compliance with the Secretarial Standards on board meetings and general meetings, as revised w.e.f. October 1, 2017. The Company is duly complied with applicable secretarial standards read together with circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs for the Board Meetings and General Meetings conducted by company during the FY 2021-22.

## <u>COMPLIANCE WITH THE SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS & DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS)</u> <u>REGULATIONS 2015</u>



The company's equity shares continue to be listed on the **Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)**, **Mumbai** which has nationwide trading terminals. The company has paid the Annual Listing Fees to BSE for the Financial Year 2021-2022.

### DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF VIGIL MECHANISM/WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

Pursuant to Section 177 of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 22 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board has adopted vigil mechanism in the form of Whistle Blower Policy for the Directors and Employees of the Company to deal with instances of fraud or mismanagement, if any. The Vigil Mechanism ensures standards of professionalism, honesty, integrity and ethical behaviour. The Company had adopted a Code of conduct for Directors and Senior Management Executives ("the Code"), which lays down the principles and standards that should govern their actions. The Policy regarding the same can be accessed at the website of the company www.ekamleasing.com. All Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the ELFCL Code of Conduct . The CEO & Managing Director has also confirmed and certified the same. The certification is at the end of the Report on Corporate Governance

Pursuant to Section 177(9) of the Act, a vigil mechanism was established for directors and employees to report to the management instances of unethical behaviour, actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The Vigil Mechanism provides a mechanism for employees of the Company to approach the Chairman of the Audit Committee of Directors of the Company for redressal. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of Directors.

# PARTICULARS EMPLOYEES PURSUANT TO SECTION 197 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 (1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

There was no employee in receipt of remuneration in the limit as prescribed under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Therefore, the statement/ information required under section 197 read with Rule 5 is not applicable.

### DISCLOSURE REGARDING MAINTAINANCE OF COST RECORD

The Company is not required to maintain the cost record as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATOR OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS

There are no significant and material orders passed by theRegulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concernstatus and Company's operations in future except:

There were fines had been levied against the listed entity/its promoters/directors/material subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedure issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts/Regulations and circulars/guidelines.

# **E-VOTING**

The Company is providing e-voting facility to all members to enable them to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions set forth in the Notice. This is pursuant to section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, 20/2020 dated 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2020, 02/2021 dated 13<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 and Circular No. 2/2022 dated May 5, 2022 ('MCA Circulars') and also the Circular dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2020, SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15" January, 2021 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI Circular"). The instruction(s) for "remote e-voting" and "e-voting" during the AGM for ensuing Annual General Meeting is also provided with notice to shareholders of this Annual Report.

# PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading with a view to regulate in securitiesby the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code

prohibits the purchase or sale of Companyshares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive informationin relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is closed. The Code of Conduct toregulate, monitor and report Insider trading is uploaded on the Company's website: www.ekamleasing.com.

### **REPORTING OF FRAUDS**



There was no instance of fraud during the year under review, which required the Statutory Auditors to report to the Audit Committee and/or Board under Section 143(12) of the Act and Rules framed there under.

### DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company is committed for providing and promoting a safe and healthy work environment for all its employees.

In accordance with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassment at workplace, along with a structured reporting and redressal mechanism. The Company has complied with provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the said Act.

There were no complaints regarding sexual harassment by any women employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) who are covered under this policy till the date of this report.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

On behalf of the Directors of the Company, I would like to place on record our deep appreciation to our shareholders, customers, business partners, vendors, bankers, financial institutions and academic institutions for all the support rendered during the year. The Directors are thankful to the Government of India, the various ministries of the State Governments, the Central and State Electricity Regulatory authorities, communities in the neighborhood of our operations, local authorities in areas where we are operational in India; as also partners, governments and stakeholders where the Company operates, for all the support rendered during the year.

The Directors regret the loss of life due to COVID-19 pandemic and are deeply grateful and have immense respect for every person who risked their life and safety to fight this pandemic.

Finally, we appreciate and value the contributions made by all our employees and their families for making the Company what it is. Your company's employees are instrumental to your company achieving higher business goals. Your directors place on record their deep admiration of the commitment and contribution of your company's employees. Your support as shareholders is greatly valued. Your directors thank you and look forward to your continuance support.

By Order of the Board For Ekam leasing and finance Co. Limited

**Place:** New Delhi **Date :** 07.12.2022

Sd/-Rakesh Jain Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 00061737

# EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED

REGD OFFICE: No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M M Road, New Delhi -110055 Tel No. : 011-23528015 Fax No. : 011-23528015 E-mail : ekam.leasing1@gmail.com, info@ekamleasing.com, Website : www.ekamleasing.com CIN No.: L74899DL1993PLC055697

### Report on Corporate Governance



### 1. <u>COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE</u>:

Corporate Governance, as *Ekam Leasing & Finance Co. Limited* believes, is concerned with principles of transparency, fairness, accountability and creation of sustainable long term value for all its stakeholders including members, customers, partners, employees and the society at large. Corporate Governance is crucial to the very existence of a company, as it builds trust and confidence, which eventually leads to a more stable and sustained resource flows and long-term partnership with its investors and other stakeholders.

The Company is in compliance with the requirements stipulated as per Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and

Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, with regards to Corporate Governance.

# 2. <u>COMPOSITION OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS</u>:

Due to certain unavoidable circumstances the composition of the Board was not in the manner as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 & Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time. Presently the Board of Directors of the company consists of Three Directors with the combination of one Executive and two Non Executive Independent Directors (including one Women Independent Director). The Board meets regularly and is responsible for the proper direction and management of the Company.

# The company takes the proper disclosure from all the Directors including Independent Director.

None of the Directors on the Board hold directorships in more than ten public companies. Further none of them is a member of more than ten committees or chairman of more than five committees across all the public companies in which he is a director. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on March 31, 2022 have been made by the Directors. None of the Directors are related to each other.

The dates for the board meetings are fixed after taking into account the convenience of all the directors and sufficient notice is given to them. Detailed agenda and notes thereon are sent to all the directors seven days in advance from the date of Board Meeting. All the information required for decision making are incorporated in the agenda. The Managing Director appraised the Board on the overall performance of the Company at every Board Meeting. The Board reviews the performance of the Company and sets the strategy for future. The Board takes on record the actions taken by the company on all its decisions periodically.

The composition of the Board, number of meetings held, attendance of the Directors at the Board Meetings and last Annual General Meeting and number of Directorship and Chairmanship/Membership of committees in other companies as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 in respect of each Director is given herein below:

# NAME Categor Direc No. of No. of lars

	У	torsh ip in othe r Publi c Com pany	shares held	Committ ee Position( Chairma n/Memb er) in other Public	Board Meetings held during 2021-2022		Atte nda nce At Last AG M	Their Director ship
				Company	Held	Attended		
Mr.Rakesh Jain <sup>#</sup>	Managin g Director	-	7,78,00 0	-	7	6	Yes	6
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Indepen dent & Non Executiv e	-		-	7	6	YES	NIL
Astik Mani Tripathi*	Indepen dent & Non Executiv e	-	-	-	7	6	Yes	2
Vandana Singh@	Women Director	-	-	-	7	3	NO	NIL
Mrs. Mamta Jain <sup>&amp;</sup>	Women Director	-	-	-	7	5	NO	NIL
Mr. Prakash Goyal%	Indepen dent & Non Executiv e	-	23,000	3 (Chairma n in two and Member in 5one Committe e)	7	5	NO	NIL

# Mr. Rakesh Jain is Director in M/s. Jet Air Securities Private Limited, Pro-Rub Enterprises Pvt. Ltd. (formaly named as Pro-Rub Processor Pvt. Limited), Pramuk Energy Private Limited, Alsan Securities Private Limited, S &S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited and Rex Overseas Private Limited.

\*Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has appointed as a Non-Executive - Independent Director of the company w.e.f. 15<sup>th</sup> May 2021and resigned from the directorship of the company w.e.f May 12, 2022.

<sup>@</sup>Ms. Vandana Singh, was appointed as a women director of the company w.e.f. June 01, 2021 but has resigned from the directorship of the company dated August 12, 2021.

<sup>&</sup>Mrs. Mamta Jain, Women Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to sad demise dated May 25<sup>th</sup>,2021.

Mrs. Mamta Jain was Director in Pro-Rub Processors Private Limited.

<sup>%</sup>Mr. Prakash Goyal , Independent Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to death dated May 01, 2021.During the Financial year ended on 2021-22 7(Seven)Board Meetings were held:

20thApril 2021, 01st June 2021, 28th June 2021, 12th August 2021, 14th November 2021, 27th December 2021 and 12th February 2022.

## A. CONFIRMATION REGARDING INDEPENDENCE OF DIRECTOR

Pursuant to section 149 (6) of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, declaration of Independence submitted by the Independent Director, the board of the Company confirms that all the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management. **Annexure-VI** 

# B. <u>FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME FOR BOARD MEMBERS INCLUDING</u> <u>INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS</u>

The Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports to enable them to familiarise with Company's procedures, its mission and vision, etc. Periodic presentation at Board/Committee meetings are made on business and performance of the Company. At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to her, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected from her as a Director of the Company. The director is also explained in detail the Compliance required from him under Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Regulations and other various statutes and an affirmation is obtained in this regard. The Chairman and Managing Director also have a one to one discussion with the newly appointed Director to familiarize him with the Company's operations. Further, on an ongoing basis as a part of Agenda of Board/ Committee meetings, presentations are regularly made to the Independent Directors on various matters inter-alia covering the Company's and associates businesses and operations, industry and regulatory updates, strategy, finance, risk management framework, role, rights, responsibilities of the Independent Directors under various statutes and other relevant matters. The details of the familiarization programme for Independent directors are available on the Company's weblink viz., www.ekamleasing.com

# C. DETAILED REASON REGARDING RESIGNATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

During the F.Y 2021-22, Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has resigned w.e.f 12.05.2022 from the company due to his pre occupation elsewhere.

# D. CHANGE IN BOARD COMPOSITION

During the F.Y 2021-22 and till the date of this report, following changes in board took place

- In accordance with the provision of Section 203 of the Companies Act 2013 read with rule 9 of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rule, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Ms. Mahak resigned from the post of Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company dated 27<sup>th</sup> December, 2021.
- Mr. Amit kumar Khaitan resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer dated 02<sup>nd</sup> May, 2022.
- Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi resigned from the post of Non Executive Independent director of the Company dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2022.
- Mrs. Rashi Varshney was appointed as Non Executive Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. 07th December 2022.
- Ms. Neha Sharma was appointed as a Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 07th December 2022.

# E. SELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF NEW DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the appointment of new directors. The Board has delegated the screening and selection process for new directors to the NRC. Considering the existing composition of the Board and requirement of new domain expertise, if any, the NRC reviews potential candidates. The assessment of candidates to the Board is based on a combination of criteria that include ethics, personal and professional stature, domain expertise, gender diversity and specific qualification required for the position. For appointment of an ID, the NRC evaluates the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepares a description of the role and capabilities required of an ID. The potential ID is also assessed on the basis of independence criteria defined in Section 149(6) of the Act read with rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations. If the Board approves, the person is appointed as an Additional Director whose appointment is subject to the approval of the Members at the Company's general meeting.

# F. <u>REMUNERATION PAID OR PAYABLE TO DIRECTORS (IN INR) : SITTING FEES,</u> <u>SALARY, PERQUISITES AND COMMISSION</u>

The Remuneration to Directors is given as per the provision of Companies Act, 2013, Listing Regulations, subject to approval of shareholders or any other authority as may be required. However No remuneration is paid to Directors during the FY 2021-2022



<u>I. AUDIT COMMITTEE</u>



**(A)** The Audit Committee of the company consisted of two Non-Executive Independent Directors and one whole time director. The Chairman of the committee is an independent Director having financial and accounting Knowledge.

During the financial year, the composition of Audit Committee and attendance details are shown below:

Name of the Director	Designation Attend Meeti		Committee
		Held	Attended
Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi*	Chairperson	5	5
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Member	5	5
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member	5	5
Mr. Prakash Goyal**	Ex Chairperson	5	1

\*Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has resigned from the directorship of the company w.e.f 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 and subsequently ceased to be the chairperson of Audit Committee.

\*\*Mr. Prakash Goyal, Independent Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to death dated 01<sup>st</sup> May, 2021 and subsequently ceased to be the chairperson of Audit Committee and the board had reconstituted the Audit Committee on 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2021.Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has been appointed as the Chairman of Audit Committee w.e.f 1<sup>st</sup>June, 2021

The Auditors of the Company are invited to participate in the meetings of Audit Committee wherever necessary.

At Present, the Composition of the Audit Committee as follow:

Name of the Director	Designation
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Chairperson
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member
Mrs. Rashi Varshney	Member

### Mrs. Rashi Varshney is appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. December 07, 2022

### (B) Meeting / Attendance

During the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Audit Committee of the company met **5(Five)** times. The dates of the meetings were **12<sup>th</sup>April 2021**, **28<sup>th</sup> June 2021**, **12<sup>th</sup>August 2021**, **14<sup>th</sup> November 2021 and 12<sup>th</sup> February 2022**.

The requisite quorum was present at all meetings.

The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary of the Committee except in 1 meeting dated 12th February 2022.

The Minutes of the Meetings of the Audit Committee are discussed and taken note of by the Board of Directors.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee Meeting was present at the 28<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 27<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 to answer the queries.

### (C) Terms of Reference:

In accordance with Section 177(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board of director have approved terms of reference for the Audit Committee and thereupon the revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee are in conformity with the required Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Section 177(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. Further the Audit Committee has been granted powers as prescribed under Regulation 18(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Extract of Terms of Reference:-

- a) Review of financial reporting process.
- b) Reviewing with the management, the annual financial statements and auditors' report thereon before submission to the board for approval.
- c) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- d) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company.
- e) Review and monitor the Auditor's independence, performance and effectiveness of audit process.

f) Discussing with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.

# II. NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE



The Company through its Board of Directors has constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee (hereinafter referred as "NRC") in terms of Regulation 19 (1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The terms of reference of NRC include the matters specified under Regulation 19 (4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as well as in Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013

(A) The Remuneration Committee consists of two non-executive Independent Directors and one non-executive women director during the first quarter of the financial year 2021-22.

During the financial year, the composition of Nomination and remuneration committee and attendance details are shown below:

Name of the Director	Designation	Attendence Meeting	at Committee
		Held	Attended
Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi*	Chairperson	1	1
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Member	1	1
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member	1	1
Mr Prakash Goyal**	Ex Chairperson	1	0
Mrs. Mamta Jain***	Ex Member	1	0

\*Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has resigned from the directorship of the company w.e.f 12<sup>th</sup> May 2022 and subsequently ceased to be the chairperson of Nomination & Remuneration Committee

\*\* Mr. Prakash Goyal, Independent Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to death dated 01<sup>st</sup> May, 2021 and subsequently ceased to be the chairperson of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the board had reconstituted the Nomination & Remuneration Committee on 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2021. Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has been appointed as the Chairman of Nomination & Remuneration Committee w.e.f01<sup>st</sup>June, 2021.

\*\*\*Mrs. Mamta Jain, Women Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to death dated 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 and subsequently ceased to be the member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the board had reconstituted the Nomination & Remuneration Committee on 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2021. Mr. Rakesh has been appointed as the member of Nomination & Remuneration Committee w.e.f 01<sup>st</sup>June, 2021

At Present, the Composition of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee as follow:

Name of the Director	Designation
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Chairperson
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member
Mrs. Rashi Varshney	Member

# Mrs. Rashi Varshney is appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. December 07, 2022

At present Nomination Remunration Committee includes Two Non-Executive and one Executive director. The Board is in process to ensure the composition of Nomination Remunration Committee as per requirement of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) and Companies Act, 2013

# (B) <u>Meeting / Attendance</u>

During the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the company met **One time**. The date of the meetings was **01<sup>st</sup> June 2021**.

# (C) <u>Terms of Reference:</u>

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee includes fixation of salary, perquisites etc. of Managing/Executive Directors and for recommending the amount of commission payable to Executive Directors.

The broad terms of reference of the nomination and remuneration committee are as under:

- a) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- b) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board;
- c) Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- d) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal. The company shall disclose the remuneration policy and the evaluation criteria in its Annual Report.

Due to certain unavoidable circumstances the composition the nomination and remuneration committee of the Company is not constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The board is in process to constitute the nomination and remuneration committee as per requirement of the applicable provisions.

## (C) Directors Remuneration and Policy:

### **Remuneration of Non Executive Directors**

The Non Executive Directors shall be entitled to receive remuneration by way of sitting fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board/ Committee meetings and commission, if any, subject to approval of the members.

### **Remuneration of Managing Director/Whole Time Directors.**

The NRC has formulated a Policy on Appointment, Training, Evaluation and Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management Personnel (SMP):

1. At the time of appointment or re-appointment of the Managing Director/Executive Director/ Whole Time Director, such remuneration shall be paid as may be mutually agreed between the Company (which includes the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors) and the Managing Director /Executive Director / Whole Time Director within the overall limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

2. The remuneration shall be subject to the approval of the Members of the Company in General Meeting.

3. The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Director/Whole Time Director are broadly divided into Basic Salary, Allowances, perquisites, amenities, retirement benefits and commission (subject to availability of profits).

4. In determining the remuneration, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure/ consider the following:

- a. The relationship of remuneration and performance benchmark is clear.
- b. Responsibility required to be shouldered by the Managing Director/ Executive Director/Whole Time Directors, the industry benchmarks and the current trends.
- c. The company's performance vis-à-vis the annual budget achievement and individual performance vis-à-vis the KRAs/KPIs.

## **Remuneration of Senior Management Employees:**

The Board, on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approves the remuneration payable to the KMP and Senior Management Personnel. The structure of remuneration payable to KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be in accordance with the compensation framework adopted for employees by the Company.

Details of remuneration paid to the Directors are given in financial statements of the company for the financial year ended on 2021-22.

The following are the details of the remuneration paid to Managing/Executive Directors during the Financial Year under discussion:

Name of the Director	Designation	Remuneration (Rs.)	Perquisites
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Managing Director	NIL	NIL

Non Executive Directors of the company were not paid any remuneration during the year under review.

As per Regulation 19(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Chairman of the NRC may present at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) to answer shareholders' queries. The Company Secretary functions as the Secretary of the Committee.

The NRC reviews the remuneration payable to the MD/WTD/KMP and Commission payable to the Non-Executive Directors and recommends it to the Board.

(D) <u>Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:</u>

The performance evaluation criteria for independent directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. An indicative list of factors that were evaluated include participation and contribution by a director, commitment, effective deployment of

knowledge and expertise, effective management of relationship with stakeholders, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behavior and judgment

III. STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE



During the financial year the composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee consisted of one executive Director and two non-executive Directors one of whom is Independent Director.

The composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee and attendance details are shown below:

Name of the	Designation	Attendance at Co	mmittee Meeting
Director		Held	Attended
Mr. Astik Mani	Chairperson	1	1
Tripathi*			
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Member	1	1
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member	1	1
Mrs. Mamta Jain**	Chairperson	0	0

\*Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi has resigned from the directorship of the company w.e.f 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2022.

\*\*Mrs. Mamta Jain, Women Director of the Company ceased from the directorship due to death dated 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 and subsequently ceased to be the Chairman of Stakeholder Relationship Committee and the board had reconstituted the Stakeholder Relationship Committee on 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2021. Astik Mani Tripathi has been appointed as the Chairman of Stakeholder Relationship Committee w.e.f 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2021.

At Present, the Composition of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee as follow:

Name of the Director	Designation
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Chairperson
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Member
Mrs. Rashi Varshney	Member

# Mrs. Rashi Varshney is appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. December 07, 2022

The broad terms of reference of the stakeholders' relationship committee are as under Consider and resolve the grievances of security holders of the Company including redressal of investor complaints such as transfer or credit of securities / notice /annual reports, etc. and all other securities-holders related matters consider and approve issue of share certificates (including issue of renewed or duplicate share certificates), transfer and transmission of securities, etc.

The stakeholders' relationship committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015 read with section 178(5) of the Companies Act 2013.

The Committee deals with the following matters:

- Noting of transfer/transmission of shares.
- Review of dematerialized /rematerialised shares and all other related matters.
- Monitors expeditious redressal of Investor grievance matters received from Stock Exchanges, SEBI, ROC, etc.
- Monitors redressal of queries/complaints received from members relating to transfers, non-receipt of annual report, dividend, demat/rematerlisation requests.
- All other matters related to shares/debentures.

The Shareholders grievance committee met **1(One) time** on **12<sup>th</sup>February 2022** to take note of share transfer and demat/ rematerlisation requests. All the members of the committee were present in these meetings.

# Stakeholders Grievance Redressal:

During the year ended March 31, 2022, no Shareholders' Complaints were received. There were no outstanding complaints at the end of the year.

All requests received for Share Transfer during the year were given effect within stipulated time. The total number of complaints received and replied to the satisfaction of shareholders during the year under review was NIL. Outstanding complaints as on 31<sup>st</sup>March, 2022 were NIL.

# **4. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS MEETING:**



As per Regulation 17(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations 2015, as well as pursuant to Section 149(8) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule IV and in accordance with the Policy on Appointment, Training, Evaluation and Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management Personnel, the Independent Directors have, at their meeting held on **12**<sup>th</sup> **February**, **2022**:-

- (a) Reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole;
- (b) Reviewed the performance of the Chairperson taking into account the views of Executive Directors (EDs) and Non Executive Directors (NEDs) and
- (c) Assessed the quality, quantity and timelines of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board.

# **4. DETAILS ON GENERAL BODY MEETINGS**

(A) Extra-Ordinary General Meeting:- No



# (B) Special Resolution:-

In terms of SEBI (LODR)Regulations, Location and time where last three Annual General Meetings held and the special resolution passed in the AGMs are detailed below

S. NO.	Financial Year	Day &Date of AGM	Place of AGM		Time	WhetheranySpecialResolution Passed
1	2020-2021	Monday September 27, 2021	Through Conferencing Other Audio Means (OAVM)	Video (VC)/ –Visual	12:00 PM	No
2.	2019-2020	Tuesday September 29, 2020	Through Conferencing Other Audio	Video (VC)/ –Visual	11:30 A.M	No

			Means (OAVM)	
3.	2018-2019	Saturday, September 28, 2019	Satvik by Chabra Farms, Pushpanjali Farms, G-1, Dwarka Link Road, Near Tivoli, Bijwasan, New Delhi- 110037.	<ul> <li>Re-appointment of Mr. Prakash Goyal (DIN: 02598736) as Independent Director of the Company.</li> <li>Re-appointment</li> </ul>
				of Mr. Saurabh Jain (DIN: 02815972) as Independent Director of the Company.
				<ul> <li>Approve the Borrowing Limit of the Company under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013.</li> </ul>

# (C) Postal Ballot:-

During the year under review, the Company has not passed any resolution through Postal Ballot in accordance to the procedure prescribed in Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 Act read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.

# **Procedure of Postal Ballot:**

i. Appointment of Scrutinizer who is not in the employment of the Company.

ii.Notice of postal ballot along with the explanatory statement to shareholders by following modes:

- a) By registered post or speed post or,
- b) Through electronic means like registered email id or,
- c) Through courier service for facilitating the communication of the assent or dissent of the shareholder to the resolution within period of (30) thirty days.

- iii. Advertisement in one English newspaper and in one vernacular language newspaper in the principal vernacular language of the district in which the registered office of the company is situated.
- iv. Notice should also be placed on the website of the Company.
- v. Declaration of results by the Scrutinizer after following due process.

## **Proposed Postal Ballot:**

The Company does not have any plans to pass any resolution through postal ballot.

## **<u>6. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:</u>**

The means of communication between the Company and the shareholders are transparent and investor friendly. The Annual, Half yearly and Quarterly results are submitted to the Stock Exchange in accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the same are published regularly in the newspapers i.e **Financial Express (English) and Hari Bhoomi (Hindi)** and also updated on website of the Company. All price sensitive information is intimated at the earliest to the Stock Exchanges.

Annual Report containing inter-alia, Board Report, Auditor's Report, Audited Financial Statement etc circulated to members and other entitled thereto. The Annual Report is also available on the website of the company at **www.ekamleasing.com**.

**Website:** The Company's website **www.ekamleasing.com** contains an exclusive head "Investor Relations" where shareholder information is available. Quarterly and Annual Financial results, annual report, notice of AGM, Shareholding Pattern, Corporate Governance report etc. are also available on the website.

I	Day, Date, Time, Mode & Venue of AGM	The 29 <sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting is to be held on Saturday, 31 <sup>st</sup> December,2022 at 3:00 P.M. through Video Conferencing and the registered office of the company shall deemed to be the common venue of AGM.
II.	Financial Year	The Financial Year of the company starts from 1st day of April and ends on 31st day of March of next year. Our tentative calendars for declaration of results for the financial year 2022-23 are as given below. In addition, the board may meet on other dates as and when required.

### **7. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:**

		Quarter Ending	Release of Results
		First Quarter Results	On or Before 14th
			August, 2022
		Second Quarter	On or Before 14th of
		Results	November, 2022
		Third Quarter Results	On or Before 14th of
			February, 2023
		Fourth Quarter &	On or Before 30th of
		Annual Year Ended	May, 2023
		March, 31, 2023	
III	Book Closure	The Register of Member	
		transfer from 24th Day	
		(Saturday) till 30 <sup>th</sup> Day	
		(Friday) (both days inclu	-
IV	Listing	The Company's Share ar	
		Bombay Stock Exchar	0
		Trading Ring, Rotunda	
		Dalal Street, Fort, Mumb	ai- 400001.
V	Scrip Code	530581 (BSE)	
VI	ISIN No.(Demat No.)NSDL & CDSL	INE906L01025	
VII	<b>Registrar and Share Transfer</b>	Alankit Assignment Ltd.	
	Agents:	4E/2, Jhandewalan Exte 055	nsion, New Delhi- 110
		Рн: 011-42541234	/23541234
		FAX: 011-23552001	
		E-mail: info@alankit.com	1
		Website: www.alankit.co	om
VIII	Dividend Payment Date	Not Applicable	
	(for the financial year 2021-22)		
IX.	Website	www.ekamleasing.com	
Х	Email	ekam.leasing1@gmail.co	m

# (XI.) Market Price Data:

The shares of the Company were thinly traded during the financial year under review. The High/ Low prices of the equity shares of the Company on Bombay Stock Exchange during the year is as follows:

Month	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)
April,2021	3.88	3.70
May,2021	4.06	3.87
June, 2021	4.10	3.72
July, 2021	6.01	3.55

August, 2021	6.30	5.07
September, 2021	5.32	4.07
October, 2021	4.27	3.65
November, 2021	3.65	3.65
December, 2021	8.69	3.83
January,2022	8.70	5.86
February, 2022	6.49	3.95
March, 2022	4.93	3.76

## (XII) SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM

The Company has authorized RTA for transmission/ dematerialisation/re-materialisation etc., who process the formalities related thereto, on an average of once a week. The share certificates are returned/dispatched to the shareholders by the RTA after necessary endorsements, normally within 15 days from the date of receipt. Delays, if any, are mostly due to differences in signature and/or non-receipt of copy of PAN.

The Company obtains a half-yearly certificate from Practicing Company Secretaries as per the requirement of Regulation 40 (9) of Listing Regulations and the same is filed with the Stock Exchanges and is available on the website of the Company.

In terms of amendments to Regulation 40 of Listing Regulations w.e.f. 1st April, 2019, transfer of securities in physical form has been stopped by SEBI.SEBI has given the following clarifications:

1. The above decision does not prohibit the investor from holding the shares in physical form; investor has the option of holding shares in physical form even after April 01, 2019.

2. Any investor who is desirous of transferring shares (which are held in physical form) after April 01, 2019 can do so only after the shares are dematerialized. The above decision by SEBI is not applicable for demat of shares, transmission (i.e. transfer of title of shares by way of inheritance/succession and transposition (i.e. re-arrangement/interchanging of the order of name of shareholders) cases.

The Company has appointed **Alankit Assignments Limited** as its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA). All share transfer and related operations are conducted by RTA which is registered with the SEBI. The RTA has adequate infrastructure to serve the shareholders and process the share transfer.

(XIII) Distribution of Shareholding :

(A) Distribution of Share holding as on 31st March, 2022

No. of Shares	Shareholders		No. of Shares		
held	Number	% to Total	Shares	% to Total	
Upto 500	1042	58.94	175597	2.93	
501 - 1000	351	19.85	323709	5.39	
1001 - 2000	192	10.86	326588	5.44	
2001 - 3000	69	3.90	188291	3.14	
3001 -4 000	34	1.92	126820	2.11	
4001 - 5000	10	.57	47150	0.79	
5001 - 10000	12	.68	88146	1.47	
10001 – above	58	3.28	4723699	78.73	
Total	1768	100	600000	100	

## (B) Shareholding Pattern as on 31st March, 2022 :

	No. of shares	% of Shareholding
Indian Promoters	1661726	27.70
Persons Acting in	-	-
Concert		
Institutional Investors	-	-
Corporate Bodies	71293	1.19
Indian Public	4266981	71.11
Non residents	-	-
Total	600000	100

Those shareholders who wish to know more about the same may contact the company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or Share Department of the company.

## (XIV) DEMAT

The Company has set up requisite facilities for dematerialisation of its equity shares in accordance with the provisions of Depository Act, 1996 with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL). The Company has entered into agreements with both the depositories. International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) for equity shares is INE906L01025. The status of dematerialization as on 31st March, 2022 is as under

Mode	No. of Share	%of Shareholding
1.Dematerialization Form		
CDSL	653630	10.90
NSDL	3444070	57.40
Sub Total	4097700	68.3
2.Physical	1902300	31.70
Total	600000	100

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, **no** equity shares of the Company have been dematerialized.

(XV) The Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs/ warrants or any Convertible Instruments.

## XV) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:

The Company does not deal in commodities and hence the disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 15, 2018 is not required to be given.

## (XVI) Plant Location: Not Applicable

## (XVI) Code of Conduct

The Board has laid down a code of conduct for all board members and senior management of the company. All the board members and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. A declaration to this effect for part of the report. The

code required Directors and Senior Management Team members to act honestly, fairly, ethically and with integrity, conduct themselves in professional, courteous and respectful manner. The Code of conduct is displayed on the Company's Website www. ekamleasing.com

(XVII) Address for correspondence : Shareholder Correspondence may be addressed to:

## **Registrar & Share Transfer agent**

Alankit Assignments Limited 4E/2, Jhandewalan extension New Delhi – 110055 Ph: 011–42541234/23541234 Fax: 011-23552001 E-mail: info@alankit.com Website: www.alankit.com

## To the Company

Secretarial Department, Ekam Leasing & Finance Co. Ltd. NO. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi -110055 Ph. : +91-11-23528015 Fax: +91-11-23528015 Email: investor@ekamleasing.com Website:www.ekamleasing.com

## 8. DISCLOSURES:

## I. <u>Related Party Transaction</u>:

There have been no significant related party transactions with the company's promoters, directors, the management, their subsidiaries or relatives which may have potential conflict with the interests of the company at large. The necessary disclosures regarding related party transactions are given in the notes to accounts. The Company has also formulated a policy on dealing with the Related Party Transactions and necessary approval of the audit committee and Board of directors were taken wherever required in accordance with the Policy.

## II. Compliances:

Details of non-compliance by the company, penalties, and strictures imposed on the company by stock exchange(s) or securities and exchange board of India (SEBI) or any other statutory authority or any matters related to capital markets.

## Fines as per SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/12 dated January 22, 2020

Sl. No.	Applicable Regulation of SEBI	Fine Imposed on company	For the quarter/month
1.	<b>Regulation 13(3)</b> Non-submission of the statement on shareholder complaints within the period prescribed under this regulation or under anycircular issued in respect of redressal of investor grievances	30680 (including GST)	For the quarter ended June 2022
2.	Regulation 31Non-submissionofshareholdingpatternwithinthe period	61360(including GST)	For the quarter ended June 2022

3.	Regulation 31 Non-submission of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed	14160(including GST)	Late submission For the quarter ended December 2021
4.	Regulation 17(1)Non-compliance with the requirements pertaining to the composition of the Board including failure to appoint woman director	531000(including GST)	For the quarter ended March 2022
5.	Regulation 33 Non-submission of the financial results within the period prescribed under this regulation	5900(including GST)	For the quarter ended December 2021
6.	<b>Regulation 33</b> Non-submission of the financial results within the period prescribed under this regulation	5900(including GST)	For the quarter ended March 2022

As per the provisions of the circular the fines will continue to be computed further till the time of rectification of the non-compliance to the satisfaction of the Exchange or till the scrip of the listed entity is suspended from trading for non-compliance with aforesaid provisions.

III.WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY (VIGIL MECHANISM)



The Company has adopted a whistle blower policy and has established the necessary vigil mechanism for employees and directors to report concerns about unethical behavior. No person has been denied access to the chairman of the audit committee. The said policy has been also put up on the website of the company.

## IV. DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY REQUIREMENT

During the year, the Company has fully complied with the mandatory requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, mandates the company to obtain a certificate from either the auditors or Practicing Company Secretaries regarding compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Clause and annex the certificate so obtained with the Directors' Report. The Company has obtained a certificate from its statutory Auditors to this effect and the same are annexed to the Directors' Report.

## **V. DISCLOSURE OF ACCOUNTING TREATMENT**

The company has followed the Accounting standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, to the extent applicable, in the preparation of the financial statements.

## VI. DISCLOSURE OF RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has laid down procedures to inform Board members about the risk assessment and minimization procedures. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that executive management controls risks through means of a properly defined framework.

## VII. OTHER DISCLOSURES

• <u>Code of Practice And Procedure As Required Under Securities And Exchange</u> <u>Board Of India (Prohibition Of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015</u>



In terms of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time, the Code of practice and procedure for fair disclosures of unpublished price sensitive information and code of conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by its employees and other connected persons is approved by Board of Directors of the Company.

## • Insider Trading Code

The Company had adopted a "Code of Conduct for insider trading" in accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 dated 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2019. The code is applicable to promoters and promoter's Group, all Directors and such Designated Employees who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the said regulation. The Company has also formulated 'The code of Practices and procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' in compliance with SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and this code is displayed on the Company's website viz., www.ekamleasing.com

## • Familiarisation Programme For Board Members

The Board members are provided with necessary documents, reports to enable them to familiarise with Company's procedures, its mission and vision, etc. Periodic presentation at Board/Committee meetings are made on business and performance of the Company. The details of such familiarisation programmes for independent directors. At the time of appointing a Director, a formal letter of appointment is given to him, which inter alia explains the role, function, duties and responsibilities expected from him as a Director of the Company. The director is also explained in detail the Compliance required from him under Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Regulations and other various statutes and an affirmation is obtained in this regard. The Chairman and Managing Director also have a one to one discussion with the newly appointed Director to familiarize him with the Company's operations. Further, on an ongoing basis as a part of Agenda of Board/ Committee meetings, presentations are regularly made to the Independent Directors on various matters inter-alia covering the Company's and associates businesses and operations, industry and regulatory updates, strategy, finance, risk management framework, role, rights, responsibilities of the Independent Directors under various statutes and other relevant matters. The details of the familiarization programme for directors are available on the Company's weblink viz., www.ekamleasing.com.

• <u>Pecuniary Relationship Or Transactions Of The Non-Executive Directors And</u> <u>Disclosures On The Remuneration Of The Directors</u>

All pecuniary relationships or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors vis-a-vis the Company, along with criteria for such payments and disclosures on the remuneration of the Directors along with their shareholding are disclosed in Form MGT-7 which forms a part of this Report.

## • DETAILS REGARDINF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has always believed in providing a safe and harassment-free workplace for every individual working in the Company. The Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the aforesaid Act, and the rules framed thereunder, including constitution of the Internal Complaints Committee. The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the same is available on the Company's website at www.ekamleasing.com. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainees, etc.) are covered under this Policy. Status of complaints as on March 31, 2022:

Number of co received	-	of shareholders nts resolved	Number of shareholders complaints pending
NIL	NIL		NIL

## • Inter Se Relationships Between Directors

There are no inter se relationships between directors except forMrs. Mamta Jain, who was the wife of Mr. Rakesh Jain Managing Director of the Company during the financial year 2021-2022, but after the sad Demise of Mrs. Mamta Jain dated May 25, 2021. None of the Director is related to each Other.

## • <u>Familiarization Programme For Independent Directors</u>

Pursuant to the Code of conduct for Independent Directors specified under the Companies Act 2013 and as per SEBI (Listing obligations and Disclosure requirements) Regulations 2015 entered into with the Stock Exchanges, the Company has framed a familiarisation programme for all its independent Directors to familiarize them on their roles, rights and responsibilities updates, strategy, finance, risk management framework, in the Company, the nature of the industry in which the company operates and its business model. The details of the familiarization programme for directors are available on the Company's weblink viz., www.ekamleasing.com.

• <u>Significant And Material Orders Passed By The Regulators Or Courts</u>

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

## Outstanding GDRS/ ADRS/ Warrants Or Any Convertible Instruments

As of March 31, 2022, the Company does not have any outstanding convertible instruments, which are likely to have an impact on the equity of the Company.

## • <u>Recommendations of Committees Of The Board</u>

There were no instances during the financial year 2021-22, wherein the Board had not accepted recommendations made by any committee of the Board.

## • <u>CEO/CFO Certificate</u>

In terms of regulation 17(8) of the Listing Regulations, the Managing Director and CEO and the CFO made a certification to the board of Directors in the prescribed format for the year at the review, which has been review by the audit Committee and taken on record by the Board. The same is attached as **Annexure II** 

#### • <u>Certificate On Corporate Governance</u>

Certificate from M/s KKS and Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, confirming compliances with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under the Listing Regulations attached as **Annexure III** 

• Policy For Determining Material Subsidiaries

Pursuant to Regulation 16(1)(c) of the Listing Regulations, the Company has formulated a policy for determining a "material" subsidiary, the details of which is available on the website of the Company at www.ekamleasing.com.

• <u>Certificate From Practicing Company Secretary</u>

Certificate as required under Part C of Schedule V of Listing Regulations, received from Mr. Krishna Kumar Singh, Proprietor of M/s KKS and Associates, Practicing Company Secretary, that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of the Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority attached as **Annexure IV** 

• <u>Chart Setting Out The Skills / Expertise / Competencies Of The Board Of</u> <u>Directors</u>

The board of Directors along with Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC), identifies the candidate with right qualities, skills and practical right expertise/competencies required for the effective functioning of individual member to posses and also the board as whole. The Committee focus on the qualification and expertise of the person, the positive attributes, standard of integrity, ethical behavior, independent judgment of the person in selecting a new Board member. In addition to the above, in case of Independent Directors, the Committee shall satisfy itself with regard to the independence of the directors to enable the Board to discharge its functions and duties effectively. The same are in line with the relevant provisions of the Listing Regulations. The NRC has identified the following core skills, expertise and competencies for the effective functioning of the Company which is currently available with the board:

#### a. Finance & Accounting Competence

(Exposure in handling Financial Management of a Large Organization along with understanding Financial Statements)

- Leadership quality in running Large Enterprises

   (Expertise in Leading well-governed Large Organization with an understanding of organizational Structure and its environment, risk management and emerging Local & global trends
- **c. Expertise in understanding of changing regulatory framework** (Expertise in handling large public companies with high governance standard and understanding of changing regulatory framework)
- d. Exposure in setting the business Strategies

(Ability to build up Long term Business strategies to bring growth in business consistently, profitability, competitively and in a sustainable manner in a diverse business environments and changing economic conditions).

In terms of the requirements of Listing Regulations, the Board has identified the following skills/ expertise/ competencies of the directors as given below:

Skills/Experties/Compt encies	Mr. Astik Mani Tripat hi	Mr.Rake sh Jain	Mr. Saurab h Jain	Ms. Vandan a Singh	Mrs. Mam ta Jain	Mr. Praksh Goyal
Leadership Skills	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
<b>Business Strategies</b>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Understanding of	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
consumer and						
customer insights in						
diverse environment						
and conditions						
Finance andAccounting	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
Experience						
Understanding use of information technology across the NBFC Sector	~	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	~	✓
Understanding of	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$
changing regulatory						
landscape						
Corporate Governance	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
Personal Values	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Functional and	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Mangerial Experience						

• <u>Modified Opinion In Auditors Report</u>

During the current financial year, there are audit qualifications in the financial statements of the Company. The Company continues to adopt appropriate best practices in order to ensure unqualified financial statements.

• <u>Compliances of Non – Mandatory & Discretionary Requirements As Per Schedule</u> <u>II Part E of The SEBI Listing Regulations</u>

The quarterly and half yearly financial performance are published in the newspaper and are also posted on the website of the Company and hence, not being sent to the Shareholders.

The internal auditor of the Company makes presentation to Audit Committee on their reports.

The Company Financial Statements for the year 2021-22 contains audit qualification. The Company continues to adopt appropriate best practices in order to ensure unqualified financial statements.



• Auditors' Remuneration

The total fees for all services paid by Company and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditors and all entities in the network firm/ network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part of are as follows:

Particulars	Name of Statutory Auditor	Amount (In Lakhs)
A.) Payment to Statutory	DOOGAR & ASSOCIATES	Rs. 1,18,000
Auditors		D 44.000
Payment to Statutory Auditors of Subsidiary	R TAYAL & ASSOCIATES	Rs. 11,800
	JPS & CO	Rs. 30,680
Sub-Total		Rs. 1,60,480
B. Payment to all the entities in the Statutory Auditors network firms	NA	NA
(A+B)	Total	Rs. 1,60,480

<u>Utilization Of Funds Raised Through Preferential Allotment Or Qualified</u>
 <u>Institutional Placement</u>

During the year under review, the Company has not raised any proceeds by way of preferential issue or qualified institutional placement.

Disclosure Of Commodity Price Risks And Commodity Hedging Activities

During the year under review, the Company does not possess any commodity price risks and commodity Hedging activities.

## • Other Useful Information To Shareholders

- Shareholders/beneficial owners are requested to quote their folio no. /DP and client ID nos., as the case may be, in all correspondence with the RTA/ Company.
- Shareholders holding shares in physical form are requested to notify to the RTA/Company, PAN, email
- Ids, change in their address/pin code number and bank account details promptly by written request under the signatures of sole/first joint holder.
- Beneficial owners of shares in demat form are requested to send their instructions regarding PAN, email ids, change of name, change of address, bank details, nomination, power of attorney etc., directly to their DP as the same are maintained by the DPs.

- Non-resident members are requested to immediately notify change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement and particulars of their NRE bank account with a bank in India, if not furnished earlier.
- In case of loss/misplacement of shares, investors should immediately lodge a FIR/complaint with the police and inform RTA/ Company along with original or certified copy of FIR/acknowledged copy of the complaint.
- Shareholders(s) of the Company who have multiple accounts in identical name(s) or holding more than one share certificate in the same name under different ledger folio(s) are requested to apply for consolidation of such folio(s) and send the relevant share certificates to the Company/RTA.
- Shareholders are requested to provide their valuable suggestions for improvement of our investor services. We request shareholders whose shares are in the physical mode to dematerialise their shares. Shareholders are requested to quote their email IDs, telephone/fax numbers for prompt reply to their communication.

## • Role of The Company Secretary In Overall Governance Process

The Company Secretary plays a key role in ensuring that the Board (including committees thereof) procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the Directors and senior management for effective decision-making at the meetings. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible to assist and advise the Board in the conduct of affairs of the Company, to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and applicable Secretarial Standards, to provide guidance to directors and to facilitate convening of meetings. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to all the Committees of the Board constituted under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Code of Conduct

In accordance with the regulation 26(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 all the Board members and senior management personnel for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 affirmed compliance with the code of conduct laid down by the Board of Directors for them.

## For Ekam Leasing & Finance Co. Ltd.

Sd/-Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737

# *Registered Office:* Limited

No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road, New Delhi - 110 055. CIN: L74899DL1993PLC055697 Tel: 011-23528015, Emailekam.leasing1@gmail.com, info@ekamleasing.com Website: www.ekamleasing.com

Date: 07.12.2022 Place: New Delhi By order of the Board of Directors Ekam Leasing & Finance Co.

Sd/-Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737

## EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED

REGD OFFICE: No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M M Road, New Delhi -110055 Tel No. : 011-23528015 Fax No. : 011-23528015 E-mail : ekam.leasing1@gmail.com, info@ekamleasing.com, Website : www.ekamleasing.com CIN No.: L74899DL1993PLC055697

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT



MACRO ECONOMIC SCENARIO – THE INDIAN ECONOMY AND MARKETS



India has emerged as the fastest-growing major economy in the world and is expected to be one of the top three economic powers in the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its robust democracy and strong partnerships.

As per RBI's revised estimates the real gross domestic product (GDP) of the country rose by 8.9 per cent in 2021-22, above its pre-pandemic (2019-20) level by just 1.8 per cent. Economic activity, which gained strength in Q2 of 2021-22 (July-September). The increase in the tax collection, along with the government's budget support to states, strengthened the overall growth of the Indian economy.

India is expected to be the third-largest consumer economy as its consumption may triple to US\$ 4 trillion by 2025, owing to a shift in consumer behavior and expenditure pattern, according to a Boston Consulting Group (BCG) report. It is estimated to surpass the USA to become the second-largest economy in terms of purchasing power parity (PPP) by 2040, as per a report by PricewaterhouseCoopers.

- India's nominal gross domestic product (GDP) at current prices is estimated to be at Rs. 232.15 trillion (US\$ 3.12 trillion) in FY22.
- According to data from the Department of Economic Affairs, as of January 28, 2022, foreign exchange reserves in India reached the US\$ 634.287 billion mark
- India needs to increase its rate of employment growth and create 90 million non-farm jobs between 2023 and 2030s, for productivity and economic growth according to McKinsey Global Institute. The net employment rate needs to grow by 1.5% per year from 2023 to 2030 to achieve 8-8.5% GDP growth between 2023 and 2030.
- . India is the third-largest unicorn base in the world with over 100 unicorns with a total valuation of US\$ 332.7 billion.

## **GLOBAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENTS**



Just over two years after COVID-19 caused the deepest global recession since World War II, the world economy is again in danger. This time it is facing high inflation and slow growth at the same time. Even

if a global recession is averted, the pain of stagflation could persist for several years—unless major supply increases are set in motion.

Amid the war in Ukraine, surging inflation, and rising interest rates, global economic growth is expected to slump in 2022. Several years of above-average inflation and below-average growth are now likely, with potentially destabilizing consequences for low- and middle-income economies. It's a phenomenon—stagflation—that the world has not seen since the 1970s.

Our forecasts reflect a sizable downgrade to the outlook: global growth is expected to slow sharply from 5.7 percent in 2021 to 2.9 percent this year. This also reflects a nearly one-third cut to our January 2022 forecast for this year of 4.1 percent. The surge in energy and food prices, along with the supply and trade disruptions triggered by the war in Ukraine and the necessary interest rate normalization now underway, account for most of the downgrade.

COVID-19 already dealt a major setback to income growth and poverty reduction in developing economies. The fallout from the war in Ukraine compounds the challenges for many of them. They are expected to grow 3.4 percent in 2022—barely half the rate in 2021 and well below the average from 2011 through 2019. Middle-income countries will see a sharp downgrade to growth in 2022, losing 1.3 percentage points relative to the January forecast. Because of the adverse shocks of the past two years, real income per capita in 2023 will remain below pre-COVID-19 levels in about 40 percent of developing economies. For many countries, recession will be hard to avoid. With the supply of natural gas constrained, especially for use in fertilizer and electricity grids in poorer counties announcements of major production increases worldwide will be essential for breaking out of stagflation and restoring noninflationary growth.

The danger of stagflation is considerable today. Between 2021 and 2024, global growth is projected to have slowed by 2.7 percentage points—more than twice the deceleration between 1976 and 1979. Subdued growth will likely persist throughout the decade because of weak investment in most of the world. With inflation now running at multidecade highs in many countries and supply expected to grow slowly, there is a risk that inflation will remain higher for longer than currently anticipated.

External public debt in developing economies is at record levels today. Most of it is owed to private creditors, and much of it involves variable interest rates that could spike suddenly. As global financing conditions tighten and currencies depreciate, debt distress—previously confined to low-income economies—is spreading to middle-income countries.

## **RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN INDIAN ECONOMY**

With an improvement in the economic scenario, there have been investments across various sectors of the economy. The private equity - venture capital (PE-VC) sector recorded investments worth US\$ 5.8 billion across 117 deals in February 2022, 24% higher than in January 2022. Some of the important recent developments in the Indian economy are as follows:

• India's merchandise exports were at an all-time high of US\$ 417.81 billion in FY22. In April 2022, the Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) in India stood at 54.7.

- The gross Goods and Services Tax (GST) revenue collection hit an all-time high of Rs. 1.68 trillion (US\$ 21.73 billion) in April 2022. This is a 20% increase over the previous year.
- According to the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), FDI equity inflow in India stood at US\$ 572.80 billion between April 2000-December 2021.
- India's Index of Industrial Production (IIP) for January 2022 stood at 138.4 against 136.6 for January 2021.
- Consumer Food Price Index (CFPI) Combined inflation was 2.9% in 2021-22 (April-December) against 9.1% in the corresponding period last year.
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) Combined inflation was 5.20% in 2021-2022 (April-December) against 6.6% in 2020-21
- Foreign portfolio investors (FPIs) invested Rs.50, 009 crore (US\$ 6.68 billion) in the Calendar year 2021.
- The wheat procurement in Rabi 2021-22 and the anticipated paddy purchase in Kharif 2021-22 would include 1208 lakh (120.8 million) metric tonnes of wheat and paddy from 163 lakh (16.7 million) farmers, as well as a direct payment of MSP value of Rs. 2.37 lakh crore (US\$ 31.74 billion) to their accounts.

## **GOVERNMENT INITIATIVE**

The Government of India has taken several initiatives to boost the economic condition of the country. Some of these are:

- As of April 2022, India signed 13 Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) with its trading partners including major trade agreements like the India-UAE Comprehensive Partnership Agreement (CEPA) and the India-Australia Economic Cooperation and Trade Agreement (IndAus ECTA).
- To boost exports, the government announced plans in September 2021 to release Rs. 56,027 crore (US\$ 7.62 billion) through various export promotion schemes.
- The Indian government approved the Deep Ocean Mission (DOM) in August 2021, with a budget outlay of Rs. 4,077 crore (US\$ 553.82 million) over the next five years.
- The Union Budget of 2022-23 was presented on February 1, 2022, by the Minister for Finance & Corporate Affairs, Ms. Nirmala Sitharaman. The budget had four priorities PM GatiShakti, Inclusive Development, Productivity Enhancement and Investment and Financing of Investments. In the Union Budget 2022-23, effective capital expenditure is expected to increase by 27% at Rs. 10.68 lakh crore (US\$ 142.93 billion) to boost the economy. This will be 4.1% of the total Gross Domestic Production (GDP).
- Under PM GatiShakti Master Plan the National Highway Network will develop 25,000 km of new highways network which will be worth Rs. 20,000 crore (US\$ 2.67 billion). In 2022-23. Increased government expenditure is expected to attract private investments, with a productionlinked incentive scheme providing excellent opportunities. Consistently proactive, graded, and measured policy support is anticipated to boost the Indian economy.
- In February 2022, Minister for Finance and Corporate Affairs Ms. Nirmala Sitharaman said that productivity linked incentive (PLI) schemes would be extended to 14 sectors to achieve the mission of AtmaNirbhar Bharat and create 60 lakh jobs with an additional production capacity of Rs. 30 lakh crore (US\$ 401.49 billion) in the next five years.

- In the Union Budget of 2022-23, the government announced funding for the production linked incentive (PLI) scheme for domestic solar cells and module manufacturing of Rs. 24,000 crore (US\$ 3.21 billion).
- In the Union Budget of 2022-23, the government announced a production linked incentive (PLI) scheme for Bulk Drugs which was an investment of Rs. 2500 crore (US\$ 334.60 million).
- In the Union Budget of 2022, Minister for Finance & Corporate Affairs Ms. Nirmala Sitharaman announced that a scheme for design-led manufacturing in 5G would be launched as part of the PLI scheme.
- In September 2021, Union Cabinet approved major reforms in the telecom sector, which are expected to boost employment, growth, competition, and consumer interests. Key reforms include rationalization of adjusted gross revenue, rationalization of bank guarantees (BGs), and encouragement of spectrum sharing.
- In the Union Budget of 2022-23, the government has allocated Rs. 44,720 crore (US\$ 5.98 billion) to Bharat Sanchar Nigam Limited (BSNL) for capital investments in the 4G spectrum.
- Minister for Finance & Corporate Affairs Ms. Nirmala Sitharaman allocated Rs. 650 crore (US\$ 86.69 million) for the Deep Ocean mission that seeks to explore vast marine living and non-living resources. Department of Space (DoS) has got Rs. 13,700 crore (US\$ 1.83 billion) in 2022-23 for several key space missions like Gaganyaan, Chandrayaan-3, and Aditya L-1 (sun).
- In May 2021, the government approved the production linked incentive (PLI) scheme for manufacturing advanced chemistry cell (ACC) batteries at an estimated outlay of Rs. 18,100 crore (US\$ 2.44 billion); this move is expected to attract domestic and foreign investments worth Rs. 45,000 crore (US\$ 6.07 billion).
- Minister for Finance & Corporate Affairs Ms Nirmala Sitharaman announced in the Union Budget of 2022-23 that the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) would issue Digital Rupee using blockchain and other technologies.
- In the Union Budget of 2022-23, Railway got an investment of Rs. 2.38 lakh crore (US\$ 31.88 billion) and over 400 new high-speed trains were announced. The concept of "One Station, One Product" was also introduced.
- To boost competitiveness, Budget 2022-23 has announced reforming the 16-year-old Special Economic Zone (SEZ) act.
- In May 2021, the Government of India (GoI) and European Investment Bank (EIB) signed the finance contract for the second tranche of EUR 150 million (US\$ 182.30 million) for the Pune Metro Rail project.
- According to an official source, as of September 15, 2021, 52 companies have filed applications under the Rs. 5,866 crore (US\$ 796.19 million) production-linked incentive scheme for the white goods (air conditioners and LED lights) sector.

- In May 2021, Union Cabinet approved the signing of a memorandum of understanding (MoU) on migration and mobility partnership between the Government of India, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- In April 2021, Minister for Railways and Commerce & Industry and Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution, Mr. Piyush Goyal, launched the 'DGFT Trade Facilitation' app to provide instant access to exporters/importers anytime and anywhere.
- In April 2021, Dr. Ahmed Abdul Rahman AlBanna, Ambassador of the UAE to India and Founding Patron of IFIICC, stated that trilateral trade between India, the UAE and Israel is expected to reach US\$ 110 billion by 2030.
- India is expected to attract investment of around US\$ 100 billion in developing the oil and gas infrastructure during 2019-23.
- The Government of India is going to increase public health spending to 2.5% of the GDP by 2025.

## **NBFC SECTOR**



NON BANKING FINANCE COMPANIES (NBFCS)



Non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) are rapidly gaining prominence as intermediaries in the retail finance space:-

•NBFCs finance more than 80% of equipment leasing and hire purchase activities in India

• The public funds of NBFCs increased from US\$ 278.23 billion in 2016 to US\$ 470.74 billion in 2020 at a CAGR of 14.04%.

•There were 9,425 NBFCs registered with the RBI as of January 22, 2021.

In December 2020, the Reserve Bank of India issued a draft circular on declaration of dividends by NBFCs, wherein it proposed that NBFCs should have at least 15% Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) for the last 3 years, including the accounting year for which it proposes to declare a dividend.
In July 2021, Rajya Sabha approved the Factoring Regulation (Amendment) Bill in 2020, enabling 9,000 NBFCs to participate in the factoring market. The bill also gives the central bank the authority to establish guidelines for improved oversight of the US\$ 6 billion factoring sector.

• On September 29, 2021, SBI announced that it has signed an agreement with three non-banking finance company-microfinance institutions (NBFC-MFIs) for co-lending to joint liability groups (JLGs).

• On September 30, 2021, the Reserve Bank of India communicated that the applicable average base rate to be charged by non-banking financial company - micro finance institutions (NBFC-MFIs) to their borrowers for the quarter beginning October 1, 2021, will be 7.95%.

• On March 14, 2022, the Reserve Bank of India released a revised set of guidelines for microfinance lending, called "Master Direction Reserve Bank of India (Regulatory Framework for Microfinance Loans) Directions, 2022", applicable to lending entities involved in microfinance activities including Banks, SFBs and all NBFCs. This is a paradigm shift from the earlier microfinance guidelines, which were applicable only to NBFC-MFIs..

## **RECENT TRENDS IN NBFC SECTOR**

NBFCs have served the non-banking customers by pioneering into retail asset-backed lending, lending against securities and microfinance. NBFCs aspire to emerge as a one-stop shop for all financial services.

•In July 2021, Rajya Sabha approved Factoring Regulation (Amendment) Bill in 2020, enabling~9,000NBFCsto participate in the factoring market. The bill also gives the central bank the authority to establish guidelines for improved oversight of the US\$ 6billion factoring sector.

## **RISK AND CONCERNS**

The very nature of the Company's business makes it susceptible to various kinds of risks. The Company encounters market risk, credit risk and operational risks in its daily business operations. The Company has framed a comprehensive Risk Management Policy which inter-alia lays down detailed process and policies in the various facets of the risk management function. The risk management review framework provides complete oversight to various risk management practices and process. The framework and assessment remains dynamic and aligns with the continuing requirements and demands of the market. The Company has also implemented a robust surveillance mechanism to deal with various trade related risks and adopted a surveillance policy in line with the regulatory requirements.

## **BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND OVERVIEW:**

As the pandemic ebbs, the infection curve flattens, and government's fiscal and central bank's monetary stimulus starts to show effect over coming months and quarters, participation in the financial markets is likely to increase gradually.

The Company is making conscious efforts to increase investor participation. It has plans to increase its overall market share by targeting profitable segments. The Company is also focusing on efficient use of technology to become a cost optimum player in the market. Furthermore company is looking forward to enhance its business operations, setting up new plant and grabbing new opportunities

## Annexure I

## Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts Rules, 2014)

# Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries/Associate companies/Joint ventures

## Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Lacs)

S.No.	Particulars		Details	
1.	Name of the subsidiary	S &S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	Jet Air Securities Private Limited	Rex Overseas Private Limited
2.	Status	Wholly Owned Subsidiary	Wholly Owned Subsidiary	Wholly Owned Subsidiary
3.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	Same i.e. 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Same i.e. 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Same i.e. 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022
4.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5.	Share capital	30.13	1.05	27.30
6.	Reserves & surplus	246.81	25.52	222.52
7.	Total assets	279.50	27.78	255.77
8.	Total Liabilities	2.56	1.21	5.95
9.	Investments (excluding investment made in subsidiaries)	-	-	-
10.	Turnover	9.52	2.52	12.38
11.	Profit/(Loss)before tax	8.16	2.41	10.73
12.	Provision for tax	1.75	0.70	3.13
13.	Profit/(Loss) after tax	6.42	1.71	7.60

14.	Proposed Dividend	-	-	-
15.	% of shareholding	100%	100%	100%

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations -Not Applicable

## Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures: - *Not Applicable* 

Note: Since, there are no associate /Joint Ventures of the company. Hence, the statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures is not applicable to the company.

## For and on behalf of the board of directors Ekam leasing & Finance Co. Limited

Sd/-

Sd/-

Rakesh Jain	Saurabh Jain
Managing Director	<b>Independent Director</b>
DIN: 00061737	DIN: 02815972

Place: New Delhi Date:

## ANNEXURE-II

## **CEO/CFO Certificate to the Board**

[Under Regulation 17(8) of SEBI(Listing and Disclosure Requirements)Regulations,2015]

To,

The Board of Directors Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi-110055

We hereby certify that:-

- 1. We have reviewed financial statements including the cash flow statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 and that to the best of my knowledge and belief:
  - (i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - (ii) These statements including cash flow statement present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. There are to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and they have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- 4. We further certify that we have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
  - (i) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - (ii) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (iii)Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

#### For Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd

-/Sd (Rakesh Jain) Chairman & Managing Director

Place: New Delhi Date: 07.12.2022

## ANNEXURE-II

## **CEO/CFO Certificate to the Board**

[Under Regulation 17(8) of SEBI(Listing and Disclosure Requirements)Regulations,2015]

To,

The Board of Directors Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi-110055

We hereby certify that:-

- 1. We have reviewed financial statements including the cash flow statement for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 and that to the best of my knowledge and belief:
  - (i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - (ii) These statements including cash flow statement present a true and fair view of the company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. There are to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company's code of conduct.
- 3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the company pertaining to financial reporting and they have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps they have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- 4. We further certify that we have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee
  - (i) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - (ii) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (iii)Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control system over financial reporting.

#### For Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd

Sd/-(Rakesh Jain) Chairman & Managing Director

Place: New Delhi Date: 07.12.2022

#### Annexure III Certificate on Corporate Governance

#### To the Members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Practicing Company Secretary's Certificate on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as per Chapter IV pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para E of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

The accompanying Corporate Governance Report (the 'Report') contains details of compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance, as per regulations 17-27, clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations') by **Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited** (the 'Company') for the year ended **31**<sup>st</sup> **March 2022**. We have initialled the Report for identification purpose only.

#### Management's Responsibility for compliance with the conditions of Listing Regulations

- 1. The Management along with the Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the requirements of the Listing Regulations and for providing all relevant information to the Securities and Exchange Board of India.
- 2. The preparation of the accompanying Corporate Governance Report is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the Board of Directors. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Report, and applying an appropriate basis of preparation; and making estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **Responsibility of the Practicing Company Secretary**

- **3**. Pursuant to the requirements of Clause E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, it is our responsibility to obtain reasonable assurance and form an opinion as to whether the Company complies with the conditions of Corporate Governance.
- 4. We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by 'the Company' for the year ended on March 31, 2022, as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and Para C, D & E of Schedule V of "Listing Regulations" composition of the Board of Directors is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive directors, Non-executive Directors and women director(s) except
- (a) Ms. Vandana Gupta has resigned from the post of Women Director of the company as on 12th August, 2021 and the due date to fill the vacancy is 12th November, 2021.
- (b) Ms. Mahak has resigned from the post of the Company Secretary of the Company as on 27th December, 2021 which shall be filled till 27th March, 2022;

- (c) Mr. Amit kumar Khaitan resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer dated 02<sup>nd</sup> May, 2022 and due date to fill the vacancy is 02<sup>nd</sup> August 2022;
- (d) Mrs. Rashi Varshney has been appointed as Independent Woman Director to fill the vacancy of the same w.e.f. 07<sup>th</sup> December 2022.
- (e) Ms. Neha Sharma has been appointed as Company Secretary to fill the vacancy w.e.f. 07<sup>th</sup> December 2022.
- 5. Our examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

#### Opinion

6. Based on the examination above, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2022 except:- delay in compliance with Regulation 17(1), Regulation 33 and Regulation 31(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015(the "Listing Regulations") for which the BSE Limited (BSE) levied fines in terms of Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) prescribed under SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/12 dated 22nd January, 2020.

#### **Restriction on Use**

7. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the Company solely for the purpose to enable the Company to comply with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For KKS & Associates Company Secretaries

Place: New Delhi Date : 07.12.2022 UDIN: F008493D002673617 Sd/-Krishna Kumar Singh Practicing Company Secretary Membership No: 8493 COP No. : 9760

#### Annexure-IV

#### **CERTIFICATE FOR NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS**

## (Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C Clause 10(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.

To,

The Members,

#### Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and Disclosures received from the Directors of **M/s Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited** having CIN: L74899DL1993PLC055697 and having registered office at No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi-110055 (hereinafter called the "Company") produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing the Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C Sub Clause 10 (i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verification (including Director Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers and considering the relaxation granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India due to spread of COVID-19 pandemic, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 has been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Designation
1	Mr. Rakesh Jain	00061737	Managing Director
2	*Mr. Prakash Goyal	02598736	Independent Director
3	Mr. Saurabh Jain	02815972	Independent Director
4	**Mrs. Mamta Jain	05274582	Women Director
5.	***Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi	03645378	Independent Director

\* The Office of Mr. Prakash Goyal was vacated due to his sad demise on 01<sup>st</sup> May, 2022. He was not disqualified during his term

\*\*The Office of Mrs. Mamta Jain was vacated due to her sad demise on 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2022. She was not disqualified during her term

\*\*\* The Office of Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi was vacated due to resignation w.e.f. 15th May 2022. He was not disqualified during his term.

We are issuing this certificate based on the following which is best of our knowledge and beliefs were considered necessary in this regards:

Our verification of the information relating to the directors available in the official web site of MCA.

Our verification of the disclosures/ declarations/ confirmations provided by the said directors to the Company and other relevant information, explanation and representations provided by the Company, its officers and agents.

We wish to state that the management of the Company is responsible to ensure the eligibility of a person for appointment/ continuation as a Director on the Board of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness of the corporate governance processes followed by the management of the Company.

FOR KKS & ASSOCIATES

Sd/-

Krishna Kumar Singh Practicing Company Secretary Membership No. : F8493 COP No. : 9760

DATE: 07.12.2022 PLACE: NEW DELHI UDIN: F008493D002673573



Tel. : 91-11-45680295 / 7859933277 Mob.: 91-9811687001 E-mail ID : kksinghcs@gmail.com kksandassociates@gmail.com Website : www.kksandassociates.com

#### Annexure V

#### FORM No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>st</sup> MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 read with Regulation 24A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015]

To, The Members, **Ekam Leasing & Finance Co. Limited** No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi-110055

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd. (hereinafter called the "Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's. books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the company. its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit and as per the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxation granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India due to spread of COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31st** March, 2022 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the applicable provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made there under, as applicable;
- ii. The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- iv. Rules, Regulations and Guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India with regard to Non Banking Financial Companies (Non -Deposit Accepting).

- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act,1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations,2011;
  - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; **Not Applicable**
  - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
    - (1) There were following fines had been levied against the listed entity/its promoters/directors/material subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedure issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts/Regulations and circulars/guidelines issued thereunder:

S.No	Action taken by	Details of Violation	Details of Actions Take e.g. Fines, warning letter, debarment etc.
1	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-compliance of Regulation 17(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with regard to appointment of woman director.	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 5,31,000/- (including GST)
2	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-submission of Regulation 31(1) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with regard to the statement of Shareholding pattern.	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 14,160/- (including GST)
3	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-submission of Regulation 33 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with regard to the submission of financial results.	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 5,900/- (including GST)
4	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-submission of the statement on shareholder complaints within the period prescribed under this regulation or under any circular issued in respect of redressal of investor grievances under Regulation 13(3).	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 30680 (including GST)
5	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-submission of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed under Regulation 31.	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 61360(including GST)
6	BSE Ltd (BSE)	Non-submission of the financial results within the period prescribed under this regulation under Regulation 33.	Fine imposed by BSE Ltd is Rs. 5,900/- (including GST)

- e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulation, 2018
- f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021. **Not Applicable**
- g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021. **Not Applicable**
- h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021. Not Applicable
- i. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018. Not Applicable
- vi. Other laws applicable to the Company as per the representations made by the Management. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
- a. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, with respect to board and general meetings.
- b. The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited read with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirement) Regulations 2015.
- c. Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Non Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.; **Not Applicable**

During the period under review and as per the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management, the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

Due to certain unavoidable circumstances the composition of the Board was not in the manner as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 & Regulation 17 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended from time to time.

- (a) Ms. Vandana Gupta has resigned from the post of Women Director of the company as on 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 and the due date to fill the vacancy is 12<sup>th</sup> November, 2021.
- (b) Ms. Mahak has resigned from the post of the Company Secretary of the Company as on 27<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 which shall be filled till 27<sup>th</sup> March, 2022;

Both the vacancies are filled up as on 7<sup>th</sup> December 2022 with appointment of Mrs. Rashi Varshney as Women independent Director (Non-Executive) and Ms. Neha Sharma on the post of Company Secretary.

The board is in process to ensure the composition of as per requirement of applicable provisions.

Presently the Board of Directors of the company consists of Three Directors with the combination of one Executive and two Non Executive Independent Directors (including one Women Independent Director). The Board is in process to ensure the composition of Nomination Remuneration Committee as per requirement of Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) and Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan has resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer w.e.f May 02, 2022 and the vacancy has not been filed till the date.

Adequate notice was given to all Directors at least seven days in advance to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. Decisions at the Board Meetings, as represented by the management, were taken unanimously.

We further report that as per the explanations given to us and the representations made by the Management and relied upon by us there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For KKS & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Krishna Kumar Singh Proprietor FCSNo:8493 CP No: 9760

Place: New Delhi Date: 07.12.2022 UDIN: F008493D002673628

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure –A** and forms an integral part of this report

#### 'Annexure A'

To,

#### The Members, Ekam Leasing & Finance Co. Limited No. 11, Rani Jhansi Road, (Motia Khan), M.M. Road New Delhi-110055

Our Secretarial Audit Report (MR-3) of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For KKS & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Krishna Kumar Singh Prop FCS No: 8493 COP No: 9760

Place: New Delhi Date: 07.12.2022 UDIN:F008493D002673628

## **Annexure -VI**

## Declaration Regarding Compliance by Board Members and Senior Management Personnel with the Company's Code of Conduct

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees including the Managing Director and Executive Directors. In addition, the Company has also adopted a Code of Conduct for its Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. These Codes are available on the Company's website at www.ekamleasing.com.

I confirm that the Company has in respect of the year ended March 31, 2022, received from the Senior Management Team of the Company and the Members of the Board a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

## For Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Place: New Delhi Date: 07.12.2022 Sd/-Rakesh Jain Chairman &Managing Director DIN: 00061737

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

#### **Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited (hereinafter referred "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries, (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which includes the Group's share of profit in its associate, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial information of subsidiaries and associate referred to in the other matters section below, except for the effects/ possible effect of our observations stated in "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph below, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS'), and accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2022, of its consolidated profit and total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

#### Attention is drawn to:

- a) Note No. 40 of the consolidated financial statements, the group has outstanding loans receivable amounting INR 526.79 lakhs, which in our opinion has become Non-Performing Assets as the group is not able to recover the principal and its interest. The group has made the provision on the same considering the same as "Standards Asset" instead of substandard assets. As per prudential norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the group has not made the adequate provision considering the correct classifications of Non-performing assets amounting INR 52.68 lakhs. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 52.68 lakhs and simultaneously provisions are understated by INR 52.68 lakhs.
- b) Note No. 41 of the consolidated financial statements, the group has recognized the total interest income amounting INR 57.31 Lakhs, out of which interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs are related to accounts which are Non-performing Assets (as describe in Note (a) of Basis of Qualified Opinion above). As per Income recognition norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the interest income is not allowed to recognize from Non-performing assets. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs and simultaneously loans are overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs.

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have

fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters section below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

## **Emphasis of Matters:**

We draw attention to the Note 42 of consolidated financial statements for accounting deferred tax assets (net) on unabsorbed depreciation & business losses and of MAT credit entitlement as on 31st March 2022 of amounting INR 9.40 lakhs and INR 21.30 lakhs respectively. On the basis of future prospects of the group, Management is confident that the group will have sufficient profits against these unused tax credit and unused losses. Accordingly, they are considered good by the management.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above stated matters.

## **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

## Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit/loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective management and Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective management and Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of Group and of its associate.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's and Board of Director's of the Holding Company use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associate to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities or business activities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## **Other Matters**

We did not audit the financial statements of 3 subsidiaries, whose financial statement reflect total assets of INR 563.04 Lakhs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues of INR 24.42 Lakhs, total net profit after tax of INR 15.72 Lakhs and other comprehensive income of INR Nil for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the management in so far as relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiaries are solely based on such unaudited financial statements. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us by the management in respect of two subsidiaries (Jet Air Securities Private Limited; Rex Overseas Private Limited) are required to get registered with Reserve Bank of India as Non- Banking Finance Company under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 based on their business activity (50:50 test)

The Consolidated Ind AS financial statements include the Group's share of INR Nil for the year ended March 31, 2022, as considered in the Consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in respect of one associate, whose financial statements, other financial information have not been audited by us and whose unaudited financial statements, other unaudited financial information have been furnished to us by the Management. Our opinion, in so far as it relates amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate, and our report in terms of subsections (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements and other unaudited financial information.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements above and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the financial information certified by the Management.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- A. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial information of the subsidiaries and associate referred to in the Other Matters section above, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- B. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the separate financial information of the subsidiaries and associate referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable that:
  - a. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.

- b. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books, returns and the reports of the other auditors.
- c. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- d. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, in our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. The matters described in "Basis of Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the group.
- f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associate company, none of the directors of the Group's companies and its associate, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g. With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate company, incorporated in India, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B" to this report.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, according to the information and explanation given to us, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and the associate companies has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year;
- i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. There were no pending litigations which would impact the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates.
  - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended 31 March 2022.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2022.
  - iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries;") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Holding Company and its subsidiaries has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

For **Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

## UDIN: 22517347AKTMYP5332

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2022

## Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph A under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited of even date)

In terms of paragraph 3(xxi) of the CARO 2020, in case of following companies remarks as stated by the respective auditors in their CARO report on the standalone financial statements of the respective companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the holding company are as under:

S. N o	Name of Company	CIN	Relationshi p with Holding Company	Date of respective auditor's report	Paragraph number in respective CARO Reports
1.	Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited	L74899DL1993PLC055697	Holding Company	May 30, 2022	iii(c), iii(d), xiv(b)

#### Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph B under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited of even date)

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2)

provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors, as referred to in Other Matters paragraph, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### **Other Matters**

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to separate financial statements of subsidiaries, which are company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiary incorporated in India.

For **Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

#### UDIN: 22517347AKTMYP5332

Place: New Delhi Date:30/05/2022

#### Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Pa	articulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
I.	ASSETS			
1)	Financial Assets			
	(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	2.54	2.80
	(b) Loans	4	709.85	669.60
	(c) Investments	5	1.23	1.23
	(d) Other financial assets	6	7.95	7.95
	Total financial assets	_	721.57	681.58
2)	Non-financial assets			
	(a) Current tax assets (net)	7	17.28	14.45
	(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	8	30.70	32.27
	(c) Property, plant and equipment	9	1.53	2.19
	(d) Other non financial assets	10	222.00	222.00
	Total non-financial assets	_	271.51	270.91
	Total assets	—	993.08	952.49
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities Financial liabilities (a) Trade payables			
	total outstanding dues of micro enterpri and small enterprise total outstanding dues of creditors other th		-	-
	micro enterprise and small enterprise	an		
	(b) Debt securities		-	-
	(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	11	128.83	116.88
	(d) Other financial liabilities	12	12.63	10.85
	Total financial liabilities	_	141.46	127.73
2)	Non financial liabilities			
	(a) Current tax liability (net)	13	2.56	1.37
	(b) Provisions	14	1.35	1.35
	(c) Other non-financial liability	15	3.40	3.15
	Total non financial liabilities	_	7.31	5.87
3)	Equity			
	(a) Equity share capital	16	300.00	300.00
	(b) Other equity	17	544.31	518.89
	Total equity	_	844.31	818.89
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	993.08	952.49

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Doogar & AssociatesFor and on behalf of the BoardChartered AccountantsEkam Leasing and Finance Co. LimitedFirm Registration No. 000561NKakesh JainVardhman DoogarRakesh JainPartnerManaging DirectorM.No. 517347DIN: 00061737DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

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## Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended March 31, 2022

 $(All \ amounts \ in \ INR \ Lakhs, unless \ otherwise \ stated)$ 

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Revenue from operations			
(i) Interest Income	18	57.31	48.67
(ii) Sale of Services		-	-
Total revenue from operations	-	57.31	48.67
Other income	19	5.72	3.54
Total Income	=	63.03	52.21
Expenses :			
(i) Finance cost	20	13.53	12.37
(ii) Employee benefits expenses	21	4.05	3.58
(iii) Depreciation and amortisation expense	9	0.66	0.96
(iv) Other expenses	22	10.14	10.81
Total expenses		28.38	27.72
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	_	34.65	24.49
Share of Profit/(Loss) from associates		-	-
Profit/ (loss) before tax		34.65	24.49
Tax Expense:	_		
(i) Current tax		7.88	6.17
(ii) MAT Credit entitlement		(2.08)	(1.07
(iii) Income tax earlier years		(0.22)	0.15
(iv) Deferred tax		3.65	(11.69
Total tax expense	-	9.23	(6.44
Profit (Loss) for the year after tax	-	25.42	30.93
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Equity instruments through other comprehensive income		-	(3.16
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified			
to profit or loss	_	-	0.66
Other comprehensive income	_	-	(2.50)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	_	25.42	28.43
Net profit / (loss) attributable to :			
(a) Owners of the Group		25.42	30.93
(b) Non controlling interest		-	-
Other comprehensive income attributable to :			
(a) Owners of the Group		-	(2.50)
(b) Non controlling interest		-	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to :			
(a) Owners of the Group		25.42	28.43
(b) Non controlling interest		-	-
Earnings per equity share (face value of INR 10 each)			
(i) Basic		0.42	0.52
(ii) Diluted		0.42	0.52

Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

**For Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

## Vardhman Doogar

Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

#### Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited Consolidated statement of changes in equity (All amounts in INR, unless otherwise stated)

## A. Equity share capital

Balance as at April 01, 2021			Movement during the year 2021-22	Balance as at March 31, 2022	
300.00	-	300.00	-	300.00	

#### **B.** Other equity

Particulars	R	teserves & Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	Total	
raruculars	Statutory Reserve u/s Section 45-IC	Retained Earnings	Security Premuim Reserve	Gain on acount of fair valuation of Equity instrument	Totai
Balance as at April 01, 2021	6.70	147.01	336.60	0.15	490.46
Profit for the year	-	30.93	-	-	30.93
Transferred to Statutory reserves	3.72	(3.72)	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the	-	-	-	(2.50)	(2.50)
year (net of income tax)					
Balance as at March 31, 2021	10.42	174.22	336.60	- 2.35	518.89
Profit for the year	-	25.42	-	-	25.42
Transferred to Statutory reserves	1.94	(1.94)			-
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	12.36	197.70	336.60	(2.35)	544.31

## Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

**For Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

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## Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

#### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
A. Cash flow from operating activities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
A. Cash how from operating activities Net profit/(loss) before tax	34.65	24.49	
Adjustments for:-	54.05	27.7)	
Depreciation and amortisation	0.66	0.96	
Operating profit before working capital changes	35.31	25.45	
Adjustments for:-	55.51	23.43	
Other financial assets			
Other non-financial assets	-	-	
Loans	(40.25)	- 29.87	
Borrowings	(40.25)	(53.65)	
Other financial liabilities	1.78	(53.65)	
Other non financial liabilities	0.25	0.37	
Cash generated from operations	9.04	<b>4.64</b>	
Income tax (paid)/refund	(9.30)	(5.86)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(0.26)	(1.22)	
B. Cash flow from investing activities			
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities	-	-	
C. Cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	-	-	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) used in financing activities	-	-	
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	(0.26)	(1.22)	
Opening Cash and cash equivalents	2.80	4.02	
Closing Cash and cash equivalents	2.54	2.80	

#### Note:

The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 'Statement of Cash Flows', as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 (as amended).

## Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the

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As per our report of even date attached

For Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N	For and on behalf of the Board Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited			
Vardhman Doogar	<b>Rakesh Jain</b>	Saurabh Jain		
Partner	Managing Director	Director		
M.No. 517347	DIN: 00061737	DIN: 02815972		
Place : New Delhi	Place : New Delhi	Place : New Delhi		
Date : May 30, 2022	Date : May 30, 2022	Date : May 30, 2022		

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited ("the Parent company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the Group") for the year ended March 31, 2022. Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited ('the parent company') is a public limited company domiciled in India. The parent company is a NBFC subject to relevant RBI Guidelines applicable and listed on Bombay Stock Exchange Limited.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III). These Consolidated financial statements are presented in INR Lakhs and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

#### b) Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited ('the Parent Company') and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group) as at March 31, 2021. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- (i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- (ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- (iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (i) The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- (ii) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- (iii) The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights
- (iv) The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e., year ended on March 31. When the end of the reporting period of the parent is

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

different from that of a subsidiary, the subsidiary prepares, for consolidation purposes, additional financial information as of the same date as the financial statements of the parent to enable the parent to consolidate the financial information of the subsidiary, unless it is impracticable to do so or there are no significant transactions or events between the date of those financial statements and date of financial statements of the parent company.

#### c) Consolidation Procedure

#### (1) Subsidiaries

- (i) Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- (ii) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- (iii) Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognized in assets, such as inventory and fixed assets, are eliminated in full). Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes" applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Profit or loss and each component of Other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the Non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary
- Derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests
- Derecognizes the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received
- Recognizes the fair value of any investment retained
- Recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in OCI to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities

#### (2) Investment in Asssociate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

The Group's investments in its associate are accounted for using the Equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in associate is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The Statement of Profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when a change has been recognized directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognizes its share of any changes, when applicable, in the Statement of Changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

If Group's share of losses of a associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognized.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of associate is shown on the face of the Statement of profit and loss.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the Equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognize an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognizes the loss as 'Share of profit/(loss) of a associate' in the Statement of profit and loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment less cost to sell is recognized in Statement of profit and loss.

The Group discontinues the use of Equity method from the date the investment is classified as "Held for sale" in accordance with Ind AS 105 : Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations and measures the interest in associate held for sale at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell.

#### (3) Change in ownership interest

The Group treats transactions with Non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transaction with the equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interest to reflect their relative interest in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognized within equity.

#### (4) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for Non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognized at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognized in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the Group recognizes the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Group has a policy to review these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

#### e) Revenue recognition

#### **Interest Income**

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### Other income

Other income comprises dividend income and gains / (losses) on disposal of investments. . income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

#### f) Employee Benefits Expense

Provisions of Provident Fund Act & Employee State Insurance Act are not applicable to the Group for the period under consideration.

#### g) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (i) Measurement

Items of Property, plant and equipment, are measured at cost (which includes capitalized borrowing costs, if any) less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price, duties, taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that it will increase the future economic benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance/life. All other expenses on existing Property, plants and equipment, including day to day repair and maintenance and cost of replacing parts are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

#### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (iii) Derecognition

An item of Property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon its disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected to arise from its continued use. Any gain or loss arising on the same (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount) is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period the item is derecognized.

## (iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using written down value method over the useful lives of assets and is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant- and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

## h) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available.

If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses including impairment on inventories are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

#### i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet and in the Statement of Cash flows comprise of cash in hand and balance with banks in current accounts.

## j) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds and charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of effective interest rate (EIR) method. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they occur.

#### k) Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are transactions which due to their size or incidence are separately disclosed to enable a full understanding of the Group's financial performance. Items which may be considered exceptional are significant restructuring charges, gains or losses on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture and impairment losses/ write down in value of investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture and significant disposal of fixed assets etc.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### 1) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provision is recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

#### m) Tax Expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in the Profit and Loss except when it relates to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the amount of expected tax payable based on the taxable profit for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized using the Balance Sheet approach. It represents temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as a Deferred tax asset if there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax in future years. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Group.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### n) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

### (i) Financial Assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss).
- ➤ Those measured at amortized cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them.

## Initial recognition and measurement

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- > Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortized cost

A 'financial asset' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

**Business Model** Test: The objective is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realize its fair value changes) and;

**Cash flow characteristics test**: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

interest rate, the Group estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. The EIR amortization is included in other income in profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category general applies to trade and other receivables.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Financial assets designated at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Group's statement of financial position) when:

- > The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass through" arrangement and either;
  - the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the right and obligations that the Group has retained.

#### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with IND AS 109, the Group applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial asset and credit risk exposure

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income(FVTOCI);

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Group follows "simplified approach" for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- > Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables without significant financial element;
- > All lease receivables resulting from the transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116 –Leases

Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss.

## (ii) Financial liabilities:

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Group's financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade payables, trade deposits, retention money, liabilities towards services, sales incentive and other payables.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- ➢ Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- > Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

#### Financial liabilities at Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IND AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### Financial liabilities at Amortized cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the Effective interest rate amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective interest rate amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financials assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### o) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all potentially dilutive equity shares.

#### p) Segment Information

The accounting policies adopted for Segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Group with the following additional policies:

Revenue and expenses have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the Segment. Revenue and expenses, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to Segments on a reasonable basis have been included under "Unallocable".

Assets and liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the Segment. Assets and liabilities, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to Segments on a reasonable basis have been included under "Unallocable".

#### q) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

A fair value measurement of a non- financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to fair value measurement as a whole ) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

#### r) Standards issued but not effective

There are no standards that are issued but not yet effective as on March 31, 2022.

## 3 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
(i) Cash on hand	1.46	1.75
<ul><li>(ii) Balances with banks</li><li>- in current accounts</li></ul>	1.08	1.05
Total cash and cash equivalents	2.54	2.80

#### 4 Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Loans - At amortised cost Unsecured, considered good		
Loans repayable on demand	709.85	669.60
Total loans	709.85	669.60

## 5. Investments

S.N.	Particulars	Par Value	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
			Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
I	Equity Instruments Unquoted equity shares Associates					
	(measured at deemed cost) NKJ Securities Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	10	4,500	1.23 1.23	4,500	1.23 1.23
	Less: allowance for impairment <b>Sub-total (A)</b>			1.23		1.23
	Others (measured at Fair Value Through OCI) Indo Dutch Bio Tech Private Limited Less: Allowance for impairment	10	42,500	-	42,500	-
	Sub-total (B)			-		-
	Total (A+B)			1.23		1.23

<sup>1</sup>The Company has been struck off from the register of companies from November 11, 2019. The management is in the process of revival of the Company.

## 6 Other financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Other recievables	7.95	7.95	
Total other financial assets	7.95	7.95	

## 7 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Advance tax (Net)	17.28	14.45	
Total Current tax assets (net)	17.28	14.45	

## 8 Deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Net Deferred tax assets / (liability) MAT credit entitlement	9.40 21.30	13.05 19.22
Total deferred tax assets (net)	30.70	32.27

## 9. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Computers	Office Equipments	Total
Gross carrying amount					
As at April 1, 2020	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	19.65
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/Adjustments	-	-	-		- 10.70
As at March 31, 2021	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	8.95
Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	8.95
Accumulated Depreciation					
As at April 1, 2020	0.09	3.60	1.93	0.18	5.80
Depreciation for the year	-	0.96	-	-	0.96
Disposal/reversal	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	0.09	4.56	1.93	0.18	6.76
Depreciation for the year	-	0.66	-	-	0.66
Disposal/reversal	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	0.09	5.22	1.93	0.18	7.42
Net Carrying amount					
As at April 1, 2020	-	3.08	0.05	0.02	13.85
As at March 31, 2021	-	2.12	0.05	0.02	2.19
As at March 31, 2022	-	1.46	0.05	0.02	1.53

### 10 Other Non financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Capital advances		
Related parties	7.00	7.00
Others	40.00	40.00
Advance for goods and services	175.00	175.00
Total Other Non financial assets	222.00	222.00

## 11 Borrowings (other than debt securities)

Particulars	As at	As at
X7.1.1.1.1	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Vehicle loan	-	0.17
Loans repayable on demand		
From related paties	29.34	26.91
From others	99.49	89.80
Total Other payables	128.83	116.88

## 12 Other financial liabilties

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Dues to employees	2.00	2.30
Other payables	10.63	8.55
Total other financial liabilities	12.63	10.85

## 13 Current tax liability (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Provision for tax (net)	2.56	1.37
Total Current tax assets (net)	2.56	1.37

## 14 Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Provision for standard assets	1.35	1.35
Total provisions	1.35	1.35

## 15 Other non -financial liabilties

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Statutory liabilities	3.40	3.15
Total other non-financial liabilities	3.40	3.15

#### **16. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised Capital Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each	60,00,000	300.00	60,00,000	300.00
Issued , Subscribed & Paid up Capital Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each	60,00,000	300.00	60,00,000	300.00

#### a)The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Shareholder	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	
	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Rakesh Jain	7,78,000	12.97%	7,78,000	12.97%
Mukesh Gangwal	4,78,926	7.98%	4,78,926	7.98%
Pawan Kumar Jain	4,04,800	6.75%	4,04,800	6.75%

#### b) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	60,00,000	30,00,000
Add : Increase in the number of shares on account of share		
split	-	30,00,000
Equity Shares at the end of the year	60,00,000	60,00,000

#### c) Rights, preference and restrictions attached to shares

The parent company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 5/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the parent company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Parent Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on 14 February 2019 approved the sub-division of each equity share of face value of Rs. 10 fully paid up into 2 equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each fully paid up. The same has been approved by the Members on 06 April 2019 through postal ballot and e-voting. The effective date for the subdivision was 06 April 2019.

#### e) Details of shares held by promoters in the company

Shareholder	Percentage	As at 31st Ma	arch, 2022	As at 31st Ma	arch, 2021
Shareholder	Change	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Rakesh Jain	0.00%	7,78,000	12.97%	7,78,000	12.97%
Mukesh Gangwal	0.00%	4,78,926	7.98%	4,78,926	7.98%
Pawan Kumar Jain	0.00%	4,04,800	6.75%	4,04,800	6.75%

## Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Notes forming part of consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

## (All amounts in INR, unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. Other equity

	Reserves & Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income		
Particulars	Statutory Reserve u/s Section 45-IC	Retained Earnings	Security Premuim Reserve	Gain on acount of fair valuation of Equity instrument	Total	
Balance as at April 01, 2020	6.70	147.01	336.60	0.15	490.46	
Profit for the year	-	30.93	-	-	30.93	
Transferred to Statutory reserves	6.19	- 6.19	-			
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the	-	-	-	(2.50)	(2.50)	
year (net of income tax)						
Balance as at March 31, 2021	12.89	171.75	336.60	- 2.35	518.89	
Profit for the year	-	25.42	-	-	25.42	
Transferred to Statutory reserves	1.94	(1.94)	-	-	-	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the		-	-	-	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2022	14.83	195.23	336.60	(2.35)	544.31	

## Statutory Reserve u/s Section 45-IC

Statutory reserve represents the reserve created as per Section 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934, pursuant to which a Non-Banking Financial Company shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the Statement of Profit and Loss account, before any dividend is declared.

## **Retained Earnings**

Retained earnings represents surplus / accumulated earnings of the Group and are available for distribution to shareholders.

## Security Premuim Reserve

Securities Premium Reserve was created consequent to issue of shares at a premium. The reserves can be utilised in accordance with section 52 of Companies Act, 2013

## **Other Comprehensive Income**

Other Comprehensiove Income represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

## 18 Interest Income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Interest on loans	57.31	48.67
Total interest income	57.31	48.67

## 19 Other income

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
r al ticulai s		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest on income tax refund		-	0.21
Interest income others		5.72	3.31
Liability written off		-	0.02
Total other income		5.72	3.54

## 20 Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
On instruments measured at amortised cost		
Interest on borrowings	13.47	12.19
Interest on hire purchase of car	0.05	0.11
Other borrowing cost	0.01	0.07
Total finance costs	13.53	12.37

## 21 Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Salaries and wages	4.05	3.58
Contribution to provident and other funds	-	-
Staff welfare expenses	-	-
Total employee benefits expenses	4.05	3.58

## 22 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Listing Fees	3.47	3.54
AGM Expesnes	0.46	0.30
Registrar & Share Transfer Expenses	0.36	0.12
Audit Fee (refer note below)	1.60	1.60
Rent Rates & Taxes	1.31	1.53
Advertisement Expenses	0.80	0.72
Interest on TDS/Delayed Payment of Taxes	0.31	0.38
Internal Audit Fees	0.35	0.35
ROC Expenses	0.10	0.26
Demate/Depository Charges	0.60	0.58
Professional Charges	0.71	1.42
General Expenses	-	0.01
Internet & Website Expenses	0.07	-
Total other expenses	10.14	10.81
*Payment to auditors		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Statutory audit fee	1.60	1.60
Tax audit fee	-	-
Total	1.60	1.60

#### 23 EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
r ai ticulais	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Group (A)	25.42	30.93
Weighted average number of equity shares (B)	60,00,000	60,00,000
Basic Earning per share (Rs)* (A/B)	0.42	0.52
Diluted earnings per share (Rs)(A/B)	0.42	0.52
Face Value per equity share (Rs.)	5.00	5.00

In compliance with Indian Accounting Standard 33- 'Earnings per share', the disclosure of earnings per share for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 has been arrived at after giving effect to the above subdivision.

## 24 Sundry Creditors include the following dues to micro and small enterprises covered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" (MSMED) to the extent such parties have been identified from the available information.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Principal amount outstanding as at end of	-	-
Principal amount overdue more than 45 days	-	-
Interest due and unpaid as at end of year	-	-
Interest paid to the supplier	-	-
Payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during	-	-
Interest due and payable for the year of delay	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid as at	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in	-	-

The above disclosure has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Group. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

### 25 TAXATION

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current tax	7.88	6.17
MAT Credit entitlement	(2.08)	(1.07)
Income tax earlier years	(0.22)	0.15
Deferred tax	3.65	(11.69)
Total income tax expenses recognised in	9.23	(6.44)
The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as		
follows:		
Profit before tax	34.65	24.49
Applicable Tax Rate	26.00%	26.00%
Computed Tax Expense	9.01	6.37
Tax effect of :		
Amount not deductible	0.19	0.10
Set off of losses of earlier years	-	(2.13)
Recognition of deffered tax on unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depriciation	-	(11.44)
Income Tax Adjustment related to earlier years	(0.22)	0.15
Other adjustments	0.26	0.52
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	9.23	(6.44)

## The significant component of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) and movement during the year ended March 31, 2022 are as under:

Particulars	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at March 31, 2021	Recognised through statement of profit & loss	Recognised through other comprehensive Income	Deferred tax (Liability) / Asset as at March 31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment	0.65	(0.16)	-	0.49
Losses and unabsorbed depriciation	11.44	(3.49)	-	7.95
Investments	0.61	-	-	0.61
Provision for standard assets	0.35	-	-	0.35
Total	13.05	(3.65)	-	9.40

## The significant component of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) and movement during the year ended March 31, 2021 are as under:

Particulars	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at April 1, 2020	Recognised through statement of profit & loss	Recognised through other comprehensive Income	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at March 31, 2021
Property, Plant and Equipment	0.40	0.25	-	0.65
Losses and unabsorbed depriciation	-	11.44	-	11.44
Investments	(0.05)	-	0.66	0.61
Provision for standard assets	0.35	-	-	0.35
Total	0.70	11.69	0.66	13.05

#### 26 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group is primarily engaged in the business of financing. All the activities of the Group revolve around the main business. Further, the Group does not have any separate geographic segments other than India.

During year ending 31 March 2022, For management purposes, the Group has been organised into two operating segments based on services.

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) monitors the operating results of its business units separately for making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profits or losses and is measured consistently with operating profits or losses in the financial statements. However, income taxes are managed on a Group as whole basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

#### a) Segment revenue & Segment result

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Segment revenue		
Investment & finance	57.31	48.67
Others	-	-
Total segment revenue	57.31	48.67
Less: Inter-segment revenue	-	-
Revenue from operation as per the Statement Profit and Loss	57.31	48.67
Segment results (Profit/ (loss) before tax		
Investment & Finance	32.05	24.36
Others	2.59	0.14
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	34.64	24.50
Tax Expense	(9.23)	6.44
Share of Profit/(Loss) from associates	-	-
Profit / (loss) on disposal of associates	-	-
Profit / (loss) on disposal of subsidiary	-	-
Profit After Tax	25.41	30.94

#### b) Segment assets and liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Segment assets		
Investment & Finance	631.72	596.12
Others	361.35	356.37
Unallocated	-	-
Total assets	993.07	952.49
Segment liabilities		
Investment & Finance	139.06	127.19
Others	9.72	6.42
Total liabilities	148.78	133.61

#### c) Information about major customers

Revenue from three major customers represented 79% of the total revenue from operations of the company.

#### 27 FINANCIAL INSTRUEMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Financial instruments by category a) As at As at March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 Particulars **Carrying Amount\*** Carrying Financial Assets at amortised cost 2.80 Cash and cash equivalents 2.54 709.85 669.60 Loans Investments 1.23 1.23 7.95 7.95 Other financial assets At Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income Investments 721.57 681.58 **Total Financial Assets** Financial Liabilities at amortised cost 116.88 Borrowings (other than debt securities) 128.83 Other financial liabilties 12.63 10.85 **Total Financial liabilities** 141.46 127.73

\*Carrying value of the financial assets and financial liabilities designated at amortised cost approximates its fair value.

#### b) Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and/or disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques: The following is the basis of categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3: Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or

labilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Fair Value	As at March 31, 2021 Fair Value
Investment at Level 3	-	-

#### c) Financial risk management

The Group's corporate treasury functions provides services to the business, coordinates access to the financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyse exposure by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, credit risk and liquidity risk).

The principal financial assets of the Group include loans, Trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The principal financial liabilities of the Group, include loans and borrowings, trade and other payables and the main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the day to day operations of the Group.

The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Group are accountable to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee. This process provides assurance to Group's senior management that the Group's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Group policies and Group risk objective. In the event of crisis caused due to external factors such as caused by recent pandemic "COVID-19", the management assesses the recoverability of its assets, maturity of its liabilities to factor it in cash flow forecast to ensure there is enough liquidity in these situations through internal and external source of funds. These forecast and assumptions are reviewed by board of directors.

This note explains the risks which the Group is exposed to and policies and framework adopted by the Group to manage these risks.

#### i. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group will incure a loss because its customers or counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligation. The Group manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, and by monitoring exposures in relations to such limits.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented in the financial statements. The Group's major classes of financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, loans, investments, other recievables.

Deposits with banks are considered to have negligible risk or nil risk, as they are maintained with high rated banks / financial institutions as approved by the Board of directors.

The management has established accounts receivable policy under which customer accounts are regularly monitored. The Group has a dedicated risk management team, which monitors the positions, exposures and margins on a continuous basis.

#### ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the entity's reputation.

Prudent liquidity risk management requires sufficient cash and marketable securities and availability of funds through adequate committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions.

The Group has a view of maintaining liquidity with minimal risks while making investments. The Group monitors its cash and bank balances periodically in view of its short term obligations associated with its financial liabilities.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities and financial assets into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Carrying Value	With in 1 year	From 1 to 5 year	More than 5 year
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.54	2.54	-	-
Loans	709.85	709.85	-	-
Investments	1.23	-	-	1.23
Other financial assets	7.95	-	7.95	-
Total	721.57	712.39	7.95	1.23
Financial Liability				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	128.83	128.83	-	-
Other financial liabilties	12.63	12.63	-	-
Total	141.46	141.46	-	-

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities and financial assets into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Carrying Value	With in 1 year	From 1 to 5 year	More than 5 year
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.80	2.80	-	-
Loans	669.60	669.60	-	-
Investments	1.23	-	-	1.23
Other financial assets	7.95	-	7.95	
Total	681.58	672.40	7.95	1.23
Financial Liability				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	116.88	116.88	-	-
Other financial liabilties	10.85	10.85	-	-
Total	127.73	127.73	-	-

#### iii. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments , and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at reporting date. The analysis exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Profit and Loss item and equity is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

#### a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the debt obligations with floating interest rates.

As the Group has no significant debt obligations and assets with floating interest rates, the income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group has only fixed rate borrowings which are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### b) Market price risks

The Group is exposed to market price risk, which arises from FVOCI investments. The management monitors the proportion of these investments in its investment portfolio based on market indices. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the appropriate authority.

#### d) Capital Management

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Group's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns for shareholders. The Group also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, security premium reserve and all other equity reserves. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.. The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital.

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Gross Borrowings	128.83	116.88
Less : Cash and Cash Equivalents	(2.54)	(2.80)
Net debt	126.29	114.08
Total Equity	844.31	818.89
Gearing Ratio	14.96%	13.93%

#### 28 Disclosures of related parties as required by Ind AS-24

#### (i) Key managerial personnel

Name of Related Party	Designation
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Managing Director
Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan	CFO (Joined on 01/06/2021 and resigned at 02/05/22)
Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi	Director (Joined on 15/05/2021 and resigned at 12/05/22)
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Director
Ms. Mahak Chwala	Company Secretary (Appointment on 31st August, 2020 and resigned at 27/12/21)
Ms. Komal	Company Secretary (Resigned on 16.06.2020)
Mr. Krishan Kumar Didwaniya	CFO (Resigned on 02/12/2020)
Mr. Prakash Goyal	Director (Ceased from the Directorship due to Demise on 01/05/2021)
Mr. Gajendra Singh	Director Rex Overseas Private Limited
Mrs. Vandana Singh	Director (Joined on 01/06/2020 and resigned at 12/08/21)
Mrs. Mamta Jain	Director (Ceased from the Directorship due to Demise on 25/05/2021)

#### (ii) Enterprises over which KMP have significant influence

Pramuk Energy Private Limited Pro-Rub Processor Private Limited Alsan Securities Private Limited Multipronged Initiative in Lifestyle And Education Solution Private Limited Chandra Prabhu International Limited Alsan Rubber & Chemicals Private Limited E-Taka Online Solutions Private Limited

#### (iii) Associate companies

NKJ Securities Private Limited (Struck off by ROC from register of companies dated November 19, 2019)

#### Transactions with related parties

Particulars	Relation with related	Year ended		
	party	March 31, 2022 March 31, 20		
Interest expense	Associate companies	2.69	2.47	
Salary & perquisites	Key managerial personnel	1.65	1.18	

#### Outstanding balance

		As at		
Particulars	Relation with related party	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2020	
Liabilities				
Unsecured loan	Associate company	29.34	26.91	
Other payables	Key managerial personnel	2.30	2.30	
Assets				
Other receivables	Enterprises over which KMP have significant	7.63	7.63	
	influence			

#### Key Management Personnel Compensation:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Short term employee benefits	1.65	1.18
Total compensation	1.65	1.18

#### 29 DISCLOSURE AS PER IND AS 112 'DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST IN OTHER ENTITIES'

# a) ENTERPRISES CONSOLIDATED AS SUBSIDIARY IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND-AS 110 -CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Name of the Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	a voting powe	wnership interest nd r held by the 1p(%)
	incorporation	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited Jet Air Securities Private Limited	India India	100% 100%	100% 100%
Rex Overseas Private Limited	India	100%	100%

# b) SIGNIFICANT ENTERPRISES CONSOLIDATED AS ASSOCIATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD 28 – INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

	0	Proportion of Ow	nership Interest	
Name of the Enterprise	Country of Incorporation	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	Accounting Method
NKJ Securities Private Limited	India	45%	45%	Equity Method

**Carrying Amount** 

Name of the Enterprise	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
NKJ Securities Private Limited	1.23	1.23

#### Summarised Balance Sheet

	NKJ Securitie	s Private Limited
Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March,	31st March,
	2022	2021
Current assets	0.74	4 0.74
Current liabilities	4.90	4.90
Net current assets/(liabilities)	(4.16	) (4.16)
Non-Current assets	23.60	23.60
Non-Current liabilities		-
Net non-current assets/(liabilities)	23.6	23.60
		-
Net Assets	19.4	4 19.44

#### Summarised statement of profit and loss for the year ended

	NKJ Securities Private Limited		
Particulars	For the year	For the year	
	ended 31st	ended 31st	
	March, 2022	March, 2021	
Total income	-	-	
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	-	-	
Total comprehensive income/(expense)	-	-	
Profit/(loss) allocated	-	-	

# 30 DISCLOSURE AS PER SCHEDULE III TO THE COMPANIES ACT,2013

Net Assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities	
--	--

Particulars	As at		Α	s at
	31st March, 2022		31st March, 2021	
		As % of		As % of
Name of the entity in the Group	INR	consolidated net	INR	consolidated net
		assets		assets
Parent				
Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited	320.37	37.94%	310.68	37.94%
Indian subsidiaries				
S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	276.95	32.80%	270.53	33.04%
Jet Air Securities Private Limited	26.57	3.15%	24.86	3.04%
Rex Overseas Private Limited	249.80	29.59%	242.21	29.58%
Associates				
NKJ Securities Private Limited	0.78	0.09%	0.78	0.10%
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-
Adjustments arising out of consolidation	(30.16)	-3.57%	(30.18)	-3.69%
Total	844.31	100.00%	818.88	100.00%

#### As at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Share in pr	ofit and loss	Share in other comprehensive income		hensive Share in total comprehensive income	
Name of the entity in the Group	INR	As % of consolidated profit and loss	INR	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	INR	As % of total comprehensive income
Parent						
Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited	9.70	38.16%	-	-	9.70	38.16%
Indian subsidiaries						
S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	6.42	25.26%	-	-	6.42	25.26%
Jet Air Securities Private Limited	1.71	6.73%	-	-	1.71	6.73%
Rex Overseas Private Limited	7.59	29.86%	-	-	7.59	29.86%
Associates						
NKJ Securities Private Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments arising out of consolidation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	25.42	100.00%	-	0.00%	25.42	100.00%

# As at March 31, 2021

Particulars	Share in Profit and loss		Share in Other comprehensive		Share in Total comprehensive	
T al ticular s	Share III I	income income		income		ome
Name of the entity in the Group	INR	As % of consolidated profit and loss	INR	As % of consolidated other comprehensive	INR	As % of total comprehensive income
Parent						
Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited	18.58	60.07%	(2.50)	100.00%	16.08	56.56%
Indian subsidiaries						
S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	4.78	15.45%	-	-	4.78	16.81%
Jet Air Securities Private Limited	1.87	6.05%	-	-	1.87	6.58%
Rex Overseas Private Limited	5.70	18.43%	-	-	5.70	20.05%
Associates						
NKJ Securities Private Limited	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments arising out of consolidation	-	0.00%	-	-	-	0.00%
Total	30.93	100.00%	(2.50)	100.00%	28.43	100.00%

31 Details of Loans given, Investments made and Guarantee given or security provided covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 are given under respective heads (refer notes 28).

#### 32 Details of Benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988(45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

#### 33 Wilful Defaulter

The group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

#### 34 Relationship with struck off companies

The group has transactions and balances with the companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the companies act, 1956 are as follows :

#### Transactions with struck off companies :

Name of struck off Company	Nature of Transaction		Relationship with the Struck off
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Interest expenses	2.69	Associate Company

#### Balances with struck off companies :

Name of struck off Company			Relationship with the Struck off
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Inestment in shares	0.45	Associate Company
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Borrowings	29.34	Associate Company

\*The Company has been struck off from the register of companies from November 11, 2019. The management is in the process of revival of the Company.

#### 35 Registration of charges or satisfaction with registration of Comopanies(ROC)

There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory Period.

#### 36 Compliance with number of layers of companies

The group has complied with number of layers prescribed under the section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

#### 37 Utilisation of borrowed funds and Share premium

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the group to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The group has not received any fund from any party(Funding Party) with the understanding that the group shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries"

#### 38 Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the cureent or previous year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded previously in the books of Account.

#### 39 Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The company has not traded or invested in crypto curency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

- 40 Loans amounting INR 526.79 Lakhs which include the principal loan amount and interest due on it. The group is not able to recover the interest along with principal amounts. On the basis of ongoing discussions, Management is of the view that these loans are recoverable and not required any provision on the same.
- 41 The group has recognised the interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs on certain loans as stated in Note 40 above. On the basis of ongoing discussions, Management is of the view that these interest are recoverable and not required to derecognise it.
- 42 The group has deferred tax assets (net) on unabsorbed depreciation & business losses and of MAT credit entitlement as on year end date of amounting to INR 9.40 lakhs and INR 21.30 lakhs respectively. On the basis of future prospects of the group, Management is confident that the group will have sufficient profits against these unused tax credit and unused losses.
- 43 Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-classified wherever necessary.

Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements 2

For Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N For and on behalf of the Board Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

Vardhman Doogar

M.No. 517347

Partner

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

# **Independent Auditors' Report**

# To the Members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

#### **Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements**

# **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects / possible effects of our observations stated in "Basis for Qualified Opinion" section below, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

Attention is drawn to:

- a) Note No. 41 of the standalone financial statements, the company has outstanding loans receivable amounting INR 526.79 lakhs, which in our opinion has become Non-Performing Assets as the company is not able to recover the principal and its interest. The company has made the provision on the same considering the same as "Standards Asset" instead of substandard assets. As per prudential norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the Company has not made the adequate provision considering the correct classifications of Non-performing assets amounting INR 52.68 lakhs. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 52.68 lakhs and simultaneously provisions are understated by INR 52.68 lakhs.
- b) Note No. 42 of the standalone financial statements, the company has recognized the total interest income amounting INR 57.31 Lakhs, out of which interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs are related to accounts which are Non-performing Assets (as describe in Note (a) of Basis of Qualified Opinion above). As per Income recognition norms issued by Reserve Bank of India, the interest income is not allowed to recognize from Non-performing assets. Accordingly profit is overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs and simultaneously loans are overstated by INR 54.33 lakhs.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit qualified opinion.

# **Emphasis of Matters:**

We draw attention to the Note 43 of audited financial statements for accounting deferred tax assets (net) on unabsorbed depreciation & business losses and of MAT credit entitlement as on 31st March 2022 of amounting INR 9.40 lakhs and INR 21.30 lakhs respectively. On the basis of future prospects of the company, Management is confident that the company will have sufficient profits against these unused tax credit and unused losses. Accordingly they are considered good by the management.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above stated matters.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

# Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Company's management is responsible for assessing the ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c. The standalone Balance Sheet, the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given above, in our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act,;
  - e. The matters described in "Basis of Qualified Opinion" paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
  - f. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - g. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
  - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the year;
  - i. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
    - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity

("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

For **Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

# UDIN: 22517347AKTDXU9276

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2022

# Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited of even date)

# Report on the matters specified in paragraph 3 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

- i. In respect of the Company's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets: -
  - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
    - (B) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company does not own any intangible assets, therefore, Para 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of property, plant and equipment to cover all the assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) There is no immovable property held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and does not own any intangible assets.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) The Company's business does not involve inventories and, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits. Hence, Para 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii. (a) Since the company's principal business is to give loans. Accordingly, the provision of clause 3(iii)(a) of the order is not applicable to it.

(b) In our opinion, the terms and conditions of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

(c) The Company has granted loans that are re-payable on demand. For loans outstanding at the year end, we are informed that the company has not able to recover the interest, and thus, there has been default on the part of the parties to whom the money has been lent.

(d) The following amounts are overdue for more than ninety days from companies to whom loan has been granted, and reasonable steps have not been taken by the Company for recovery of the overdue amount of principal and interest.

Particulars	Loans (Rs in Lakhs)
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases	
- Subsidiaries	Nil
- Others (including interest accrued on loan)	526.79

(e) As the principal business of company is to give loans, para 3(iii)(e) is not applicable to the company.

(f) As disclosed in the financial statements, the Company has granted loans, repayable on demand to companies. Of these following are the details of the aggregate amount of loans granted to related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013:

Particulars	Loans (Rs in Lakhs)
Aggregate amount of loans (including interest accrued on loan)	526.79
- Promoter & Promoter Group	Nil (0%)
- Other Companies	526.79 (100%)

- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148 of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
  - a. In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.

There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- b. According to the records of the Company, there are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- ix. (a) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender as at the balance sheet date.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) According to the information and explanation given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on the overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on the short term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.

(e) According to the information and explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

(f) According to the information and explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanation give to us, company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

xi. (a) During the course of the examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company noticed or reported during the year, nor have been informed of any such case by the Management.

(b) During the course of the examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, report under section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4 was not required to be filed. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(c) During the course of the examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us and as represented to us by the management, no whistle blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under Clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanation and records made available by the company, the Company has complied with the provision of Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

(b) We were unable to obtain any of the internal audit reports of the Company, hence the internal audit reports have not been considered by us.

- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable.
- xvi. (a) The Company is required to and has been registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as an Non Deposit Taking Systemically Important Investment and Credit Company

(b) The Company has conducted non-banking financial activities during the year and the Company holds a valid Certificate of Registration from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

(c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has not any CIC of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete.

- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Hence, the reporting under paragraph (xx)(a) to (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For **Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

# UDIN: 22517347AKTDXU9276

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2022

# Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the members of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited of even date)

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the Guidance Note"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements are a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting with Reference to standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

# UDIN: 22517347AKTDXU9276

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2022 Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

# To The Board of Directors Ekam Leasing and Finance Company Limited

# Dear Sirs,

1. We have audited the Standalone Financial Statements of Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited ("the Company") which comprises of Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information on which we have issued our qualified report dated May 30, 2022.

#### Management's Responsibility

- 2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 3. The Management is also responsible for compliance with the provisions of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and other relevant directions, circulars, notifications, as amended, issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') and for providing all required information to RBI.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

- 4. Pursuant to the requirements of 'Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 (the 'Directions') issued by the Reserve Bank of India (the 'RBI'), it is our responsibility to examine the books and records of the Company and report on the matters specified in Para 3 and 4 of the said Directions to the extent applicable to the Company.
- 5. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit Reports and Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 6. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- 7. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

### Conclusion

- 8. Except for the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion given in our Independent Auditors' Report and based on our examination of the books and records of the Company as produced for our examination and the information and explanations given to us we report that: -
- (i) The Company had applied for registration as provided in section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has been granted certificate of registration by Reserve Bank of India on March 07, 1998 vide Registration No. 14.00332.
- (ii) The Company is entitled to hold the certificate of registration to carry on the business of Non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits as on March 31, 2022.
- (iii) The Company has Net Owned Fund (NOF) of INR 308.03 Lakhs as on March 31, 2022 calculated in accordance with the "Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company –Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016" and therefore, meets the criteria of required Net Owned Fund.
- (iv) The Board of Directors has passed the resolution for non-acceptance of any public deposits in its meeting held April 20, 2021.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any public deposits during the year ended March 31, 2022.
- (vi) The Company has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it in terms of Non-Banking Financial Company – Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, in so far as the same are applicable to the Company.
- (vii) The Company is a Non-Systemically Important Non-deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company and therefore the reporting under Paragraph 3(C)(iv) is not applicable to the Company.
- (viii) The Company is not Micro Finance Institutions (MFI) as defined in the Non-Banking Financial Company – Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

#### **Restriction on Use**

Our report has been issued solely for meeting our responsibilities in relation to the compliance with the Directions. Our report should not to be used for any other purpose or by any person other than the addressees of this report. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

For Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

**Vardhman Doogar** Partner Membership No. 517347

UDIN: 22517347AKTDXU9276 Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2022

#### Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Pa	articulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
I.	ASSETS		,	,
1)	Financial Assets			
	(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	1.21	0.48
	(b) Loans	4	526.79	491.69
	(c) Investments	5	30.64	30.64
	(d) Other financial assets	6	6.81	6.81
	Total financial assets	_	565.45	529.62
2)	Non-financial assets			
	(a) Current tax assets (net)	7	16.44	14.45
	(b) Deferred tax assets (net)	8	30.70	32.27
	(c) Property, plant and equipment	9	1.53	2.19
	(d) Other non financial assets	10	47.00	47.00
	Total non-financial assets	_	95.67	95.91
	Total assets	_	661.12	625.53
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities Financial liabilities (a) Trade payables	_		
	total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprise total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise and small enterprise		-	-
	(b) Debt securities		-	-
	(c) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	11	330.52	304.53
	(d) Other financial liabilties	12	5.48	5.81
	Total financial liabilities	_	336.00	310.34
2)	Non financial liabilities			
	(a) Provisions	13	1.35	1.35
	(c) Other non-financial liability	14	3.40	3.16
	Total non financial liabilities	_	4.75	4.51
3)	Equity			
	(a) Equity share capital	15	300.00	300.00
	(b) Other equity	16	20.37	10.68
	Total equity	_	320.37	310.68
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	661.12	625.53

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date attached

**For Doogar & Associates** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

Vardhman Doogar Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi

Date : May 30, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

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Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Standalone Statement of Profit & Loss Account for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Revenue from operations			
(i) Interest Income	17	57.31	48.67
(ii) Sale of Services	_	-	-
Total revenue from operations		57.31	48.67
Other income	18	-	0.23
Total Income	=	57.31	48.90
Expenses :			
(i) Finance costs	19	32.23	29.84
(ii) Employee benefits expenses	20	1.65	1.18
(iii) Depreciation and amortisation expense	9	0.66	0.96
(iv) Other expenses	21	9.43	10.05
Total expenses	-	43.97	42.03
Profit before tax	-	13.34	6.87
Tax Expense:			
(i) Current tax		2.08	1.07
(ii) MAT Credit entitlement		(2.08)	(1.07)
(iii) Deferred tax		3.65	(11.69)
Total tax expense	-	3.65	(11.69)
Profit for the year	-	9,69	18.56
-	-	2.02	10.20
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Equity instruments through other comprehensive incom	0		(3.16)
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified		-	(5.10)
to profit or loss	1		0.66
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(2.50)
other comprehensive income	-	-	(2.30)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	9.69	16.06
Earnings per equity share (face value of INR 5 each)	)		
(i) Basic		0.16	0.31
(ii) Diluted		0.16	0.31
Significant accounting policies		2	
The accompanying notes form an integral part of th	e Financial S	tatements	
As per our report of even date attached			
For Doogar & Associates	For and on	behalf of the Board	
Chartered Accountants		ng and Finance Co. Limited	d
Firm Registration No. 000561N		-8	-
Vardhman Doogar	Rakesh Jai	n	Saurabh Jain
Partner	Managing I		Director
M.No. 517347	DIN: 00061		DIN: 02815972
	211.00001		
Place : New Delhi	Place : New	Delhi I	Place : New Delhi
Date : May 30, 2022	Date : May 3		Date : May 30, 2022
Date . 191ay 50, 2022	Date . May .	10, 2022	Jaw . 1910y 50, 2022

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# A. Equity share capital

Balance as at April	Movement during the	Balance as at	Movement during the year 2021-22	Balance as at
01, 2021	year 2020-21	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2022
300.00	-	300.00	=	300.00

# **B.** Other equity

	Reserves	& Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income		
Particulars	StatutoryRetainedReserve u/sEarningsSection 45-ICEarnings		Gain on acount of fair valuation of Equity instrument	Total	
Balance as at April 01, 2020	6.70	(12.23)	0.15	(5.38)	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	18.56	-	18.56	
Transferred to Statutory reserves	3.71	(3.71)	-	-	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the	-	-	(2.50)	(2.50)	
year (net of income tax)					
Balance as at March 31, 2021	10.41	2.62	(2.35)	10.68	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	9.69	-	9.69	
Transferred to Statutory reserves	1.94	(1.94)	-	-	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the		-	-	-	
year (net of income tax)					
Balance as at March 31, 2022	12.35	10.37	(2.35)	20.37	

Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

# For Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

# Vardhman Doogar

Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

**Rakesh Jain** Managing Director DIN: 00061737

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

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# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021	
A. Cash flow from operating activities			
Net profit/(loss) before tax	13.34	6.87	
Adjustments for:-			
Depreciation and amortisation	0.66	0.96	
Operating profit before working capital changes	14.00	7.83	
Adjustments for:-			
Loans	(35.10)	(29.96)	
Borrowings	25.99	21.20	
Other financial liabilities	(0.32)	(0.53)	
Other non financial liabilities	0.24	0.38	
Cash generated from operations	4.80	(1.07)	
Income tax (paid)/refund	(4.07)	(0.14)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	0.73	(1.21)	
B. Cash flow from investing activities			
Acquisition of fixed assets	_	-	
Sale of Investments	_	-	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities	-	-	
C. Cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	_	-	
Net cash inflow / (outflow) used in financing activities	-	-	
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	0.73	(1.21)	
Opening Cash and cash equivalents	0.48	1.69	
Closing Cash and cash equivalents	1.21	0.48	

# Note:

The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under 'Indirect Method' as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 'Statement of Cash Flows', as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 (as amended).

# Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial

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As per our report of even date attached

# For Doogar & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N

Vardhman Doogar Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 **For and on behalf of the Board** Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

**Rakesh Jain** Managing Director DIN: 00061737 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

#### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited is a Public Limited Company whose shares are listed in BSE. Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited. is a NBFC subject to relevant RBI Guidelines applicable.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# a) Basis of preparation

These standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III). These standalone financial statements are presented in INR Lakhs and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs, except when otherwise indicated.

The regulatory disclosures as required by Master Directions for Non-Banking Financial Company – Non Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company Directions, 2016 issued by the RBI ('RBI Master Directions') to be included as a part of the Notes to Accounts are prepared as per the Ind AS financial statements pursuant to the notification on Implementation of Indian Accounting Standards, dated March 13, 2020.

### b) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the date of the standalone financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses for the periods presented. The Company has a policy to review these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

# c) Revenue recognition

#### **Interest Income**

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

# Other income

Other income comprises dividend income and gains / (losses) on disposal of investments.. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

# d) Employee Benefits Expense

Provisions of Provident Fund Act & Employee State Insurance Act are not applicable to the Company for the period under consideration.

#### e) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### (i) Measurement

Items of Property, plant and equipment, are measured at cost (which includes capitalized borrowing costs, if any) less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price, duties, taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

# (ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that it will increase the future economic benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance/life. All other expenses on existing Property, plants and equipment, including day to day repair and maintenance and cost of replacing parts are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

# (iii) Derecognition

An item of Property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon its disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected to arise from its continued use. Any gain or loss arising on the same (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount) is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period the item is derecognized.

# (iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using written down value method over the useful lives of assets and is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

# f) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available.

If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses including impairment on inventories are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

# g) Investment in Subsidiaries and Associate

Investment in Subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements'. Where the carrying amount of an investment in greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount and the difference is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Upon disposal of investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is credited or charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### EKAM LEASING AND FINANCE CO. LIMITED Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet and in the Statement of Cash flows comprise of cash in hand and balance with banks in current accounts.

# i) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost includes interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds and charged to Statement of Profit & Loss on the basis of effective interest rate (EIR) method. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they occur.

# j) Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are transactions which due to their size or incidence are separately disclosed to enable a full understanding of the Company's financial performance. Items which may be considered exceptional are significant restructuring charges, gains or losses on disposal of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture and impairment losses/ write down in value of investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture and significant disposal of fixed assets etc.

# k) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

# l) Tax Expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognized in the Profit and Loss except when it relates to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

# **Current** tax

Current tax is the amount of expected tax payable based on the taxable profit for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

# **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognized using the Balance Sheet approach. It represents temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises is reviewed at the end of each reporting year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as a Deferred tax asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax in future years. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### m) Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

# (i) Financial Assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss).
- Those measured at amortized cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them.

# Initial recognition and measurement

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Financial assets classified and measured at amortized cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

### Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

# Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in following categories:

- Financial assets at amortized cost
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- > Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

# Financial assets at amortized cost

A 'financial asset' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

**Business Model** Test: The objective is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realize its fair value changes) and;

**Cash flow characteristics test**: The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

This category is most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of EIR. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. The EIR amortization is included in other income in profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category general applies to trade and other receivables.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the balance sheet at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Financial assets designated at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

# Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

> The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass through" arrangement and either;
  - the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the right and obligations that the Company has retained.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with IND AS 109, the Company applies expected credit losses (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial asset and credit risk exposure

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- > Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income(FVTOCI);

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Company follows "simplified approach" for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- > Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables without significant financial element;
- > All lease receivables resulting from the transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116 –Leases

Under the simplified approach, the Company does not track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analyzed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the statement of profit and loss.

# (ii) Financial liabilities:

# Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

attributable transaction costs. The Company financial liabilities include loans and borrowings, trade payables, trade deposits, retention money, liabilities towards services, sales incentive and other payables.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- > Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost (loans and borrowings)

# Financial liabilities at Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IND AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

# Financial liabilities at Amortized cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the Effective interest rate amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the Effective interest rate amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

# Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

# **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financials assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# n) Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

# Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all potentially dilutive equity shares.

#### o) Segment Information

The accounting policies adopted for Segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company with the following additional policies:

Revenue and expenses have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the Segment. Revenue and expenses, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to Segments on a reasonable basis have been included under "Unallocable".

Assets and liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the Segment. Assets and liabilities, which relate to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to Segments on a reasonable basis have been included under "Unallocable".

### p) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (i) In the principal market for asset or liability, or
- (ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

A fair value measurement of a non- financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to fair value measurement as a whole ) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

# q) Standards issued but not effective

There are no standards that are issued but not yet effective as on March 31, 2022.

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

# Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

3 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
(i) Cash on hand	1.16	0.46	
(ii) Balances with banks			
- in current accounts	0.05	0.02	
Total cash and cash equivalents	1.21	0.48	

# 4 Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Loans - At amortised cost			
Unsecured, considered good			
Loans repayable on demand			
Given to others	526.79	491.69	
Total loans	526.79	491.69	

5	Investments

S.N.	Particulars	Par Value	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
			Nos.	Amount	Nos.	Amount
	Equity Instruments					
	Unquoted equity shares					
I.	Subsidiaries					
	(measured at deemed cost)					
	S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	10	3,01,250	16.01	3,01,250	16.01
	Jet Air Securities Private Limited	10	10,520	0.53	10,520	0.53
	Rex Overseas Private Limited	10	27,295	13.65	27,295	13.65
				30.19		30.19
	Less: allowance for impairment			-		-
	Sub-total (A)			30.19		30.19
II.	Associates					
	(measured at deemed cost)					
	NKJ Securities Private Limited <sup>1</sup>	10	4,500	0.45	4,500	0.45
				0.45		0.45
	Less: allowance for impairment			-		-
	Sub-total (B)			0.45		0.45
111.	Others					
	(measured at Fair Value Through OCI)	10			10 500	
	Indo Dutch Bio Tech Private Limited	10	42,500	-	42,500	-
	Less: allowance for impairment			-		-
	Sub-total (C)			-		-
	Total (A to C)			30.64		30.64

<sup>1</sup>The Company has been struck off from the register of companies from November 19, 2019. The management is in the process of revival of the Company.

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 6 Other financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Other recievables	6.81	6.81
Total other financial assets	6.81	6.81

# 7 Current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Advance tax (Net of provision)	16.44	14.45
Total Current tax assets (net)	16.44	14.45

# 8 Deferred tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at	As at	
r ar ticulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Deferred tax assets / (liability)	9.40	13.05	
MAT credit entitlement	21.30	19.22	
Total deferred tax assets (net)	30.70	32.27	

# 9. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Computers	Printers	Total
Gross carrying amount					
As at April 1, 2020	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	8.95
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	8.95
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	0.09	6.68	1.98	0.20	8.95
Accumulated Depreciation					
As at April 1, 2020	0.09	3.61	1.93	0.18	5.80
Depreciation for the year	-	0.96	-	-	0.96
Disposal/reversal	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	0.09	4.57	1.93	0.18	6.76
Depreciation for the year	-	0.66	-	-	0.66
Disposal/reversal	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	0.09	5.22	1.93	0.18	7.42
Net Carrying amount					
As at March 31, 2021	0.00	2.11	0.05	0.02	2.19
As at March 31, 2022	0.00	1.45	0.05	0.02	1.53

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 10 Other Non financial assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Capital advances		
Related parties	7.00	7.00
Others	40.00	40.00
Total Other Non financial assets	47.00	47.00

# 11 Borrowings (other than debt securities)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Vehicle loan	Warch 51, 2022	0.17	
Loans repayable on demand	_	0.17	
From related paties	231.03	214.57	
From others	99.49	89.80	
Total Other payables	330.52	304.53	

# **12** Other financial liabilties

Particulars	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Dues to employees	2.00	2.30	
Other payables	3.48	3.51	
Total other financial liabilities	5.48	5.81	

# 13 Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Provision for standard assets	1.35	1.35
Total provisions	1.35	1.35

# 14 Other non -financial liabilties

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Statutory liabilities	3.40	3.16
Total other non-financial liabilities	3.40	3.16

## **15. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL**

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022			
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised Capital Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each	60,00,000	300.00	60,00,000	300.00
Issued , Subscribed & Paid up Capital Equity shares of Rs. 5/- each	60,00,000	300.00	60,00,000	300.00

#### a) The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Shareholder	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
Shareholder	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held
Rakesh Jain	7,78,000	12.97%	7,78,000	12.97%
Mukesh Gangwal	4,78,926	7.98%	4,78,926	7.98%
Pawan Kumar Jain	4,04,800	6.75%	4,04,800	6.75%

## b) The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	60,00,000	60,00,000
Add : Increase in the number of shares	-	-
Equity Shares at the end of the year	60,00,000	60,00,000

#### c) Rights, preference and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs. 5/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d) The Board of Directors at their Meeting held on 14 February 2019 approved the sub-division of each equity share of face value of Rs. 10 fully paid up into 2 equity shares of face value of Rs 5 each fully paid up. The same has been approved by the Members on 06 April 2019 through postal ballot and e-voting. The effective date for the subdivision was 06 April 2019.

#### e) Details of shares held by promoters in the company

Shareholder	Percentage	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021	
Shareholder	Change	No. of Shares	% held	No. of Shares	% held		
Rakesh Jain	0.00%	7,78,000	12.97%	7,78,000	12.97%		
Mukesh Gangwal	0.00%	4,78,926	7.98%	4,78,926	7.98%		
Pawan Kumar Jain	0.00%	4,04,800	6.75%	4,04,800	6.75%		

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 16. Other equity

	Reserves &	Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	
Particulars	Statutory Reserve u/s Section 45-IC	Retained Earnings	Gain on acount of fair valuation of Equity instrument	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2020	6.70	(12.23)	0.15	(5.38)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	18.56	-	18.56
Transferred to Statutory reserves	3.71	(3.71)	-	
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (net of income tax)	-	-	(2.50)	- 2.50
Balance as at March 31, 2021	10.41	2.62	(2.35)	10.68
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	9.69	-	9.69
Transferred to Statutory reserves	1.94	(1.94)		-
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (net of income tax)		-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	12.35	10.37	(2.35)	20.37

# Statutory Reserve u/s Section 45-IC

Statutory reserve represents the reserve created as per Section 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934, pursuant to which a Non-Banking Financial Company shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the Statement of Profit and Loss account, before any dividend is declared.

# Retained

Retained earnings represents surplus / accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders.

# **Other Comprehensive Income**

Other Comprehensiove Income represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of equity instruments measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

# 17 Interest Income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Interest on loans measured at amortised costs	57.31	48.67
Total interest income	57.31	48.67

# 18 Other income

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Liability written off	-	0.02
Interest on Income Tax Refund	-	0.21
Total other income	-	0.23

# **19** Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
On instruments measured at amortised cost		
Interest on borrowings	32.17	29.67
Interest on hire purchase of car	0.05	0.11
Other borrowing cost	0.01	0.07
Total finance costs	32.23	29.84

# 20 Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Salaries and wages	1.65	1.18
Contribution to provident and other funds	-	-
Staff welfare expenses	-	-
Total employee benefits expenses	1.65	1.18

# 21 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended	
r ai ticulai s	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Listing fees	3.47	3.54	
AGM expesnes	0.46	0.30	
Registrar & share transfer expenses	0.36	0.12	
Audit fee (refer note below)*	1.18	1.18	
Rent rates & taxes	0.92	0.92	
Advertisement expenses	0.80	0.72	
Interest on TDS	0.31	0.38	
Internal audit fees	0.35	0.35	
Depository charges	0.60	0.58	
Professional charges	0.71	1.42	
Internet & website expenses	0.07	-	
ROC expenses	0.10	0.22	
Late Filing Fee	0.09		
General expenses	-	0.32	
Total other expenses	9.43	10.04	

# \*Payment to auditors includes

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Statutory audit fee	1.18	1.18
Tax audit fee	-	-
Total	1.18	1.18

# 22 EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (A)	9.69	18.56
Weighted average number of equity shares (B)	60,00,000	60,00,000
Basic Earning per share (Rs)* (A/B)	0.16	0.31
Diluted earnings per share (Rs)(A/B)	0.16	0.31
Face Value per equity share (Rs.)	5.00	5.00

In compliance with Indian Accounting Standard 33- 'Earnings per share', the disclosure of earnings per share for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 has been arrived at after giving effect to the above subdivision.

23 Sundry Creditors include the following dues to micro and small enterprises covered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" (MSMED) to the extent such parties have been identified from the available information.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Principal amount outstanding as at end	-	-
Principal amount overdue more than 45	-	-
Interest due and unpaid as at end of year	-	-
Interest paid to the supplier	-	-
Payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during	-	-
Interest due and payable for the year of	-	-
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid	-	-
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable in	-	-

The above disclosure has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

# 24 TAXATION

	Year ended	Year ended	
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Income tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss			
Current tax	2.08	1.07	
MAT Credit entitlement	(2.08)	(1.07)	
Deferred tax	3.65	(11.69)	
Total income tax expenses	3.65	(11.69)	
The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:			
Profit before tax	13.34	6.87	
Applicable Tax Rate	26.00%	26.00%	
Computed Tax Expense	3.47	1.79	
Tax effect of :			
Amount not deductible	0.19	0.10	
Set off of losses of earlier years	-	(2.13)	
Recognition of deffered tax on unabsorbed losses and unabsorbed depriciation	-	(11.44)	
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	3.65	(11.69)	

# The significant component of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) and movement during the year ended March 31, 2022 are as under:

Particulars	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at April 01, 2021	Recognised through statement of profit & loss	Recognised through other comprehensive Income	Deferred tax (Liability) / Asset as at March 31, 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment	0.65	(0.17)	-	0.48
Losses and unabsorbed depriciation	11.44	(3.49)	-	7.95
Investments	0.61	-	-	0.61
Provision for standard assets	0.35	-	-	0.35
Total	13.05	(3.65)	-	9.40

# The significant component of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) and movement during the year ended March 31, 2021 are as under:

Particulars	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at April 01, 2020	Recognised through statement of profit & loss	Recognised through other comprehensive Income	Deferred tax (Liability)/Asset as at March 31, 2021
Property, Plant and Equipment	0.40	0.25	-	0.65
Losses and unabsorbed depriciation	-	11.44	-	11.44
Investments	(0.05)	-	0.66	0.61
Provision for standard assets	0.35	-	-	0.35
Total	0.70	11.69	0.66	13.05

#### Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Limited

Notes forming part of standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (All amounts in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 25 SEGMENT REPORTING

As per IND AS 108 para 4, Segment has been disclosed in Consolidated financial statement, Hence no separate disclosure has been given in standalone financial statements of the Company.

#### 26 FINANCIAL INSTRUEMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Financial instruments by category a)

Financial instruments by category		Rs in lakhs
	As at	As at
Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Carrying Amount*	Carrying Amount*
Financial Assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	1.21	0.48
Loans	526.79	491.69
Investments	30.64	30.64
Other financial assets	6.81	6.81
At Fair value through other comprehensive Income		
Investments	-	-
Total Financial Assets	565.44	529.61
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost		
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	330.52	304.53
Other financial liabilities	5.48	5.81
Total Financial liabilities	336.00	310.34

\*Carrying value of the financial assets and financial liabilities designated at amortised cost approximates its fair value.

# b) Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and/or disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques:

The following is the basis of categorising the financial instruments measured at fair value into Level 1 to Level 3:

Level 1: This level includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: This level includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3: This level includes financial assets and liabilities measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022 Fair Value	As at 31st March, 2021 Fair Value
Investment at Level 3	-	-

## c) Financial risk management

The Company's corporate treasury functions provides services to the business, coordinates access to the financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse exposure by degree and magnitude of risk. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, credit risk and liquidity risk).

The principal financial assets of the Company include loans and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that derive directly from its operations. The principal financial liabilities of the Company, include loans and borrowings and other payables and the main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the day to day operations of the Company.

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The senior professionals working to manage the financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company are accountable to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee. This process provides assurance to Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk-taking activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with Company policies and Company risk objective. In the event of crisis caused due to external factors such as caused by recent pandemic "COVID-19", the management assesses the recoverability of its assets, maturity of its liabilities to factor it in cash flow forecast to ensure there is enough liquidity in these situations through internal and external source of funds. These forecast and assumptions are reviewed by board of directors.

This note explains the risks which the Company is exposed to and policies and framework adopted by the Company to manage these risks.

#### i. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incurr a loss because of counterparties fail to discharge their contractual obligation. The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of risk it is willing to accept for individual counterparties, and by monitoring exposures in relations to such limits.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented in the financial statements. The Company's major classes of financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, loans, investments, other recievables.

Deposits with banks are considered to have negligible risk or nil risk, as they are maintained with high rated banks / financial institutions as approved by the Board of directors.

The management has established accounts receivable policy under which customer accounts are regularly monitored. The Company has a dedicated risk management team, which monitors the positions, exposures and margins on a continuous basis.

#### ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The entity's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the entity's reputation.

Prudent liquidity risk management requires sufficient cash and marketable securities and availability of funds through adequate committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions.

The Company has a view of maintaining liquidity with minimal risks while making investments. The Company monitors its cash and bank balances periodically in view of its short term obligations associated with its financial liabilities.

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities and financial assets into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Carrying Value	With in 1 year	From 1 to 5 year	More than 5 year
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.21	1.21	-	-
Loans	526.79	526.79	-	-
Investments	30.64	-	-	30.64
Other financial assets	6.81	-	6.81	-
Total	565.44	527.99	6.81	30.64
Financial Liability				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	330.52	330.52	-	-
Other financial liabilties	5.48	5.48	-	-
Total	336.00	336.00	-	-

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities and financial assets into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Carrying Value	With in 1 year	From 1 to 5 year	More than 5 year
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	0.48	0.48	-	-
Loans	491.69	491.69	-	-
Investments	30.64	-	-	30.64
Other financial assets	6.81	-	6.81	
Total	529.61	492.17	6.81	30.64
Financial Liability				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	304.53	304.53	-	-
Other financial liabilties	5.81	5.81	-	-
Total	310.34	310.34	-	-

#### iii. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments, and foreign currency receivables and payables. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at reporting date. The analysis exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post-retirement obligations; provisions; and the non-financial assets and liabilities. The sensitivity of the relevant Profit and Loss item and equity is the effect of the assumed changes in the respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

#### a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the debt obligations with floating interest rates.

As the Company has no significant Company's debt obligations and assets with floating interest rates, the income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company's has only fixed rate borrowings which are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### b) Market price risks

The Company is exposed to market price risk, which arises from FVOCI investments. The management monitors the proportion of these investments in its investment portfolio based on market indices. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the appropriate authority.

## d) Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns for shareholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, security premium reserve and all other equity reserves. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital.

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Gross Borrowings	330.52	304.53
Less : Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1.21)	(0.48)
Net debt	329.32	304.06
Total Equity	320.37	310.68
Gearing Ratio	102.79%	97.87%

#### 27 Additional Information as required by Reserve Bank of India, Master Direction - Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, RBI/DNBR/2016-17/39, Master Direction DNBR. PD. 003/03.10.119/2016-17, August 25, 2016

These disclosures have been prepared based on IndAS financial statements in line with RBI notification dated March 13, 2020.

SL	Particulars	Amount outstanding	Amount Overdue
No.		As at 31st March, 2022	
	Liabilities:		
(1)	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:		
	(a) Debentures		
	Secured	-	-
	Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)	-	-
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-
	(c) Term Loans	-	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	330.52	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	-	-
	(f) Other Loans - Vehicle Loan	-	-

SL	Particulars	Amount outstanding	Amount Overdue
No.		As at 31st Ma	rch, 2021
	Liabilities:		
(2)	Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:		
	(a) Debentures		
	Secured	-	-
	Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)	-	-
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-
	(c) Term Loans	-	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	304.36	-
	(e) Commercial Paper	-	-
	(f) Other Loans - Vehicle Loan	0.17	-

SL		Amount outstanding	
	Particulars	As at	As at
No.		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Assets:		
(3)	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (3) below]: (a) Secured	-	_
	(b) Unsecured	526.79	491.69
(4)	Break up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities		
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors :	-	-
	(ii) Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors :	-	-
	(iii) Other loans counting towards AFC activities	-	-

CT		Amount ou	Itstanding
SL	Particulars	As at	As at
No.		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
(5)	Break-up of Investments (net of provision for diminution in value):		
	Current Investments :		
	1. Quoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-	-
	(v) Others (Please specify)	-	-
	2. Unquoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-	-
	(v) Others (Please specify)	-	-
	Long Term Investments :		
	1. Quoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-	-
	(v) Others (Please specify)	-	-
	2. Unquoted :		
	(i) Shares : (a) Equity	30.64	30.64
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government Securities	-	-
	(v) Others (Please specify)	-	-

SL	Particulars	Amount (Net o	Amount (Net of provision for Non-performing assets)		
No.		Secured	Unsecured	Total	
(6)	Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above: As at March 31, 2022				
	1. Related Parties				
	(a) Subsidiaries	-	201.69	201.69	
	(b) Companies in the same Group	-	29.34	29.34	
	(c) Other related Parties	-	-	-	
	2. Other than Related Parties	-	99.49	99.49	
	Total				
	As at March 31, 2021				
	1. Related Parties				
	(a) Subsidiaries	-	187.65	187.65	
	(b) Companies in the same Group	-	26.91	26.91	
	(c) Other related Parties	-	-	-	
	2. Other than Related Parties	0.17	89.80	89.96	
	Total				

SL No.	Particulars	Market value / Break value or fair value or Net Asset Value	Book Value (net of provisioning)
(7)	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both		
(1)	quoted and unquoted):		
	As at March 31, 2022		
	1. Related Parties		
	(a) Subsidiaries	30.19	30.19
	(b) Companies in the same Group	0.45	0.45
	(c) Other related Parties	-	-
	2. Other than Related Parties	-	-
	Total	30.64	30.64
	As at March 31, 2021		
	1. Related Parties		
	(a) Subsidiaries	30.19	30.19
	(b) Companies in the same Group	0.45	0.45
	(c) Other related Parties	-	-
	2. Other than Related Parties	-	-
	Total	30.64	30.64

SL		Amount out	tstanding
SL No.	Particulars	As at	As at
190.		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
(8)	Other Information		
(I)	Gross Non- performing Assets		
	(a) Related parties	-	-
	(b) Other than related parties	526.79	-
(ii)	Net Non Performing Assets		
	(a) Related parties	-	-
	(b) Other than related parties	525.44	-
(iii)	Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt.		
	(a) Related parties	-	-
	(b) Other than related parties	-	-

## 28 Disclosures of related parties as required by Ind AS-24

#### (i) Subsidiary Companies

Jet Air Securities Pvt. Ltd. S& S Balajee Mercantile Pvt. Ltd. Rex Overseas Pvt. Ltd.

# (ii) Associate Companies

(iv)

NKJ Securities Pvt. Ltd.- Struck off by ROC from register of companies dated November 19, 2019

# (iii) Key managerial personnel

Name of Related Party	Designation
Mr. Rakesh Jain	Managing Director
Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan	CFO (Joined on 01/06/2021 and resigned at 02/05/22)
Mr. Astik Mani Tripathi	Director (Joined on 15/05/2021 and resigned at 12/05/22)
Mr. Saurabh Jain	Director
Ms. Mahak Chwala	Company Secretary (Appointment on 31st August, 2020 and resigned at 27/12/21)
Ms. Komal	Company Secretary (Resigned on 16.06.2020)
Mr. Krishan Kumar Didwaniya	CFO (Resigned on 02/12/2020)
Mr. Prakash Goyal	Director (Ceased from the Directorship due to Demise on 01/05/2021)
Mr. Gajendra Singh	Director Rex Overseas Private Limited
Mrs. Vandana Singh	Director (Joined on 01/06/2020 and resigned at 12/08/21)
Mrs. Mamta Jain	Director (Ceased from the Directorship due to Demise on 25/05/2021)
) Enterprises over which KMP have significant i	influence

# Pro-Rub Processor Private LimitedAlsan Rubber & Chemicals Private LimitedAlsan Securities Private LimitedMultipronged Initiative in Lifestyle And Education Solution Private LimitedChandra Prabhu International LimitedE-Taka Online Solutions Private LimitedPramuk Energy Private LimitedPramuk Energy Private Limited

#### Transactions with related parties

		Year e	ended
Particulars	Name of related party	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	NKJ Securities Pvt Ltd.	2.69	2.47
Finance Cost	Rex Overseas Pvt. Ltd.	6.66	6.25
Finance Cost	Jet Air Securities Pvt. Ltd.	2.52	2.32
	S & S Balajee Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	9.52	8.90
Empoyee Benefit Expense	Mr. Amit Kumar Khetan	0.30	-
Empoyee Benefit Expense	Ms. Komal	-	0.13
	Ms. Mahak Chawla	1.35	1.05
	Rex Overseas Pvt. Ltd.	1.61	1.44
Repayment of Loans Taken	Jet Air Securities Pvt. Ltd.	-	0.10
Repayment of Loans Takell	Srimati Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.	-	-
	S & S Balajee Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	1.19	2.14

# Outstanding balance

		As at	
Particulars	Name of related party	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	NKJ Securities Pvt Ltd.	29.34	26.91
The second s	Jet Air Securities Pvt. Ltd.	27.50	25.23
Loans Taken	S & S Balajee Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	102.81	95.43
	Rex Overseas Pvt. Ltd.	71.38	66.99
Other Payables	Mr. Krishan Kumar Didwaniya Ms. Komal	2.00	2.00
	Ms. Mehak Gupta	0.30	0.30
Other Receivables	Pramuk Energy Private Limited	7.63	7.63

#### Key Management Personnel Compensation:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Short term employee benefits	1.65	1.18
Total compensation	1.65	1.18

#### 29 Investment in Subsidiaries and Associates :

a)These financial statements are separate financial statements prepared in accordance with Ind-AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements" . b) The Company's Investment in Subsidiaries is as under :

Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation		Portion of Ownership Interest as at 31st
		March, 2022	March, 2021
S & S Balajee Mercantile Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Jet Air Securities Private Limited	India	100%	100%
Rex Overseas Private Limited	India	100%	100%

c) The Company's Investment in associates is as under :

		Portion of	Portion of
Name of Associates	Country of	Ownership	Ownership
	Incorporation	Interest as at 31st	Interest as at 31st
		March, 2022	March, 2021
NKJ Securities Private Limited	India	45.00%	45.00%

Details of Loans given, Investments made and Guarantee given or security provided covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 are given under 30 respective heads (refer notes 28).

#### 31 Details of Benami property held

No proceedings have been intiated on or pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988(45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

#### 32 Wilful Defaulter

The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

#### 33 Relationship with struck off companies

The company has transactions and balances with the companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the companies act, 1956 are as follows :

Transactions with struck off companies :

Name of struck off Company	Nature of Transaction	Amount	Relationship with	
			the Struck off	
			company	
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Interest expenses	2.69	Associate Company	

#### Balance with Struck off companies

Name of struck off Company	Nature of Balances		Relationship with the Struck off
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Investment in shares	0.45	Associate Company
NKJ Securities Private Limited*	Borrowings	29.34	Associate Company

\*The Company has been struck off from the register of companies from November 11, 2019. The management is in the process of revival of the Company

#### 34 Registration of charges or satisfaction with registration of Comopanies(ROC)

There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory Period.

#### Compliance with number of layers of companies 35

The companies has complied with number of layers prescribed under the section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

#### 36 Utilisation of borrowed funds and Share premium

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has not received any fund from any party(Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

#### 37 Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the cureent or previous year in the tax assessments under the income Tax Act,1961,that has not been recorded previously in the books of Account.

#### 38 Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The company has not traded or invested in crypto curency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

#### 39 Ratio Analysis :

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021: -

Particulars	Numerato r	Denominato r	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31,	Variance	Remarks
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	308.03	643.46	47.87%	49.08%	-1.21%	Not Applicable
Tier I CRAR	308.03	643.46	47.87%	49.08%	-1.21%	Not Applicable
Tier II CRAR	308.03	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	-	-	-	-	-	Not Applicable

Note : "Tier I capital", "Tier II capital", "Owned Fund" and Capital Adequacy Ratio are calculated as defined in Master direction - Non-Banking Financial company - Systemically important non-deposit taking company and deposit taking company (Reserve Bank) directions, 2016

40 The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

- 41 Loans amounting INR 526.79 Lakhs which include the principal loan amount and interest due on it. The company is not able to recover the interest along with principal amounts. On the basis of ongoing discussions, Management is of the view that these loans are recoverable and not required any provision on the same.
- 42 The company has recognised the interest income amounting INR 54.33 Lakhs on certain loans as stated in Note 41 above. On the basis of ongoing discussions, Management is of the view that these interest are recoverable and not required to derecognise it.
- 43 The company has deferred tax assets (net) on unabsorbed depreciation & business losses and of MAT credit entitlement as on year end date of amounting to INR 9.40 lakhs and INR 21.30 lakhs respectively. On the basis of future prospects of the company, Management is confident that the company will have sufficient profits against these unused tax credit and unused losses.
- 44 Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-classified wherever necessary.

Significant accounting policies The accompanying notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

For Doogar & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 000561N For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rakesh Jain Managing Director DIN: 00061737

2

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Saurabh Jain Director DIN: 02815972

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

Partner M.No. 517347

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

Vardhman Doogar

# Ekam Leasing and Finance Co. Ltd.

# **REGD OFFICE:**

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